



aerospace
climate control
electromechanical
filtration
fluid & gas handling
hydraulics
pneumatics
process control
sealing & shielding





Air Motors

P1V-S, stainless steel type - 0.02 to 1.2 kW

P1V-S, high torque type - 0.28, 0.57 & 0.86 kW

P1V-S, drilling, milling & grinding types - 0.08 to 1 kW

Catalogue PDE2554TCUK February 2015





Features	Air motor	Hydraulic motor	Electric motor	Electric motor regulated	Electric motor regulated with feed back
Overload safe	***	***	*	**	***
Increased torque at higher loads	***	**	*	**	***
Easy to limit torque	***	***	*	*	***
Easy to vary speed	***	***	*	***	***
Easy to limit power	***	***	*	**	***
Reliability	***	***	***	***	***
Robustness	***	***	*	*	*
Installation cost	***	*	**	**	**
Ease of service	***	**	*	*	*
Safety in damp environments	***	***	*	*	*
Safety in explosive atmospheres	***	***	*	*	*
Safety risk with electrical installations	***	***	*	*	*
Risk of oil leak	***	*	***	***	***
Hydraulic system required	***	*	***	***	***
Weight	**	***	*	**	*
Power density	**	***	*	*	*
High torque for size	**	***	*	*	*
Noise level during operation	*	***	**	**	**
Total energy consumption	*	**	***	***	***
Service interval	*	**	***	***	***
Compressor capacity required	*	***	***	***	***
Purchase price	*	*	***	***	**
Accuracy, speed	*	**	*	**	***
Regulating dynamic	*	*	*	*	***
Communication	*	*	*	***	***

^{* =} good, **=average, ***=excellent



Important

Before carrying out service activities, make sure the air motor is vented. Before disassembling the motor, disconnect the primary air hose to ensure that the air supply is interrupted.



Note

All technical data in the catalogue are typical

The air quality is a major factor in the service life of the motor, see ISO 8573-1.



FAILURE OR IMPROPER SELECTION OR IMPROPER USE OF THE PRODUCTS AND/OR SYSTEMS DESCRIBED HEREIN OR RELATED ITEMS CAN CAUSE DEATH, PERSONAL INJURY AND

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SALE CONDITIONS

The items described in this document are available for sale by Parker Hannifin Corporation, its subsidiaries or its authorized distributors. Any sale contract entered into by Parker will be governed by the provisions stated in Parker's standard terms and conditions of sale (copy available upon request).



Contents F	Page
The steps to size Principles of air motors Introduction Torque, power and air consumption graphs Air quality & Lubrification	5 6 - 8 9
Stainless Steel Air Motors P1V-S	13 - 35
Stainless Steel Air Motors with brakes P1V-S	36 - 45
High Torque Stainless Steel Air Motors P1V-S	47 - 55
Mountings Lubrication and service life Service kits Introduction to the ATEX directive	57 58 - 59
Drilling, Grinding & Milling Steel Air Motors P1V-S	35 - 81
Lubrication and service life	82 82



Choosing the correct air motor for your application

1 Which drive principle of the air motor is suitable for your application?

- Air vane motor are suitable for regular operating cycles, speed is very small e.g. 16 rpm
- Tooth gear air motor or turbines are more suitable for continuous operation, 24 hours non-stop, speed is in a upper range, up to 140,000 rpm
- Oil free operation is often an option for these three principles of air motors.

2 Which motor materials are suitable for your application?

- Will the air motor work in a normal production area
- Or in a paper industry
- Or in the food processing industry, in contact or not with food
- Or in underwater usage
- Or in the medical, pharmaceutical industries
- Or in potentially explosive areas
- Others, please describe your environment

3 How do you calculate the motor power taking the application conditions into consideration?

- 1. Which rotational direction? Clockwise, anti-clockwise, reversible?
- 2. Air pressure working range? Which air class quality is available?
- 3. Which torque and which speed under load do you expect to obtain?
- 4. Calculate the basic power with the formula

P = M x n / 9550 with P power output in kW, M nominal torque in Nm, n nominal speed in rpm

- 5. Check performance data of air motors in our catalogues. Note that all data is at 6 bar in the inlet of the air motor, max 3 meters for tubes and oil lubricated operations.
- 6. To adapt the difference of air pressure with your operation conditions, please check graphs in our catalogues and how to do it.
- 7. or you can adapt the need of air to fit your operation conditions by throttling the outlet flow in the air motor you will reduce speed without loss of torque.
- 8. Check if you need an oil free or not working operation. 1 to 2 drops of oil per cube meter are needed to optimize performance and life time of air motors. Oil free operation will decrease by 10 to 15% the performance of air motors.

4 How do you integrate your air motor in your system?

- In which position is the air motor used?
- Do you need to use a brake?
- Do you want to use your own gear box and put it somewhere else in the machine?
- Do you need extra components like fittings, tubes, valves and FRLs?

5 How do you ensure a long life and high performance of the air motor?

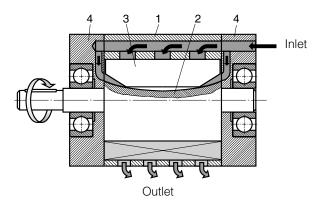
- Ensure you air quality is in accordance with our specifications, oil or oil free lubrication operations.
- Keep the recommended maintenance intervals

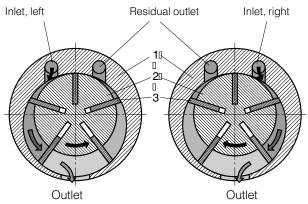
6 How do you determine the purchasing and running costs after the air motor installation?

- Keep same level of your air quality.



Principles of motor functioning

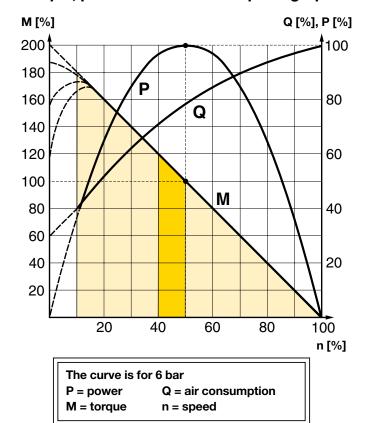




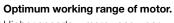
- 1 Rotor cylinder
- 2 Rotor
- 3 Vanes
- 4 End piece with bearing

There are a number of designs of air motors. Parker has chosen to use the vane rotor design, because of its simple design and reliable operation. The small external dimensions of vane motors make them suitable for all applications. The principle of the vane motor is that a rotor with a number of vanes is enclosed in a rotor cylinder. The motor is supplied with compressed air through one connection and air escapes from the other connection. To give reliable starting, the springs press the vanes against the rotor cylinder. The air pressure always bears at right angles against a surface. This means that the torque of the motor is a result of the vane surfaces and the air pressure.

Torque, power and air consumption graphs



Possible working range of motor.



Higher speeds = more vane wear Lower speeds with high torque = more gearbox wear

The performance characteristics of each motor are shown in a family of curves as above, from which torque, power and air consumption can be read off as a function of speed. Power is zero when the motor is stationary and also when running at free speed (100%) with no load. Maximum power (100%) is normally developed when the motor is driving a load at approximately half the free speed (50%).

Torque at free speed is zero, but increases as soon as a load is applied, rising linearly until the motor stalls. As the motor can then stop with the vanes in various positions, it is not possible to specify an exact torque. However, a minimum starting torque is shown in all tables.

Air consumption is greatest at free speed, and decreases with decreasing speed, as shown in the above diagram.



Introduction

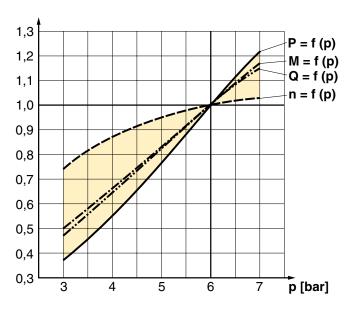
The performance of an air motor is dependent on the inlet pressure. At a constant inlet pressure, air motors exhibit the characteristic linear output torque / speed relationship. However, by simply regulating the air supply, using the techniques of throttling or pressure regulation, the output of an air motor can easily be modified. The most economical operation of an air motor (least wear, least air consumption, etc.) is reached by running close to nominal speed. By torque of M=0, the maximum speed (idle speed) is reached. Shortly before standstill (n - 0), the air motor reaches its maximum torque (Mmax = 2 x Mo). At nominal speed (nn), for example in the middle of the speed range, air motor reaches its maximum power output (Pmax).

Energy Efficiency

A pneumatic motor achieves its maximum power when it is operating as close as possible to its rated speed (50% of the rated idle speed). The energy balance is best in this area, because the compressed air is used efficiently.

Air pressure correction factors

To adapt the difference of air pressure with your operation conditions



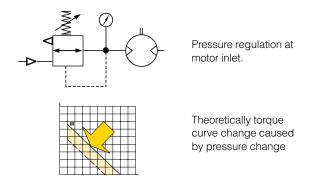
P = Power, M = Torque, Q = Air consumption, N = Speed

Pressure (p) bar / PSI	Power (P)	Speed (n) %	Torque (M) %	Air Consumpt. (Q)
7 / 99	121	103	117	117
6 / 85	100	100	100	100
5/71	77	95	83	83
4 / 57	55	87	67	67
3 / 42	37	74	50	50

All catalogue data and curves are specified at a supply pressure of 6 bar to the motor. This diagram shows the effect of pressure on speed, specified torque, power and air consumption. Start off on the curve at the pressure used and then look up to the lines for power, torque and air consumption. Read off the correction factor on the Y axis for each curve and multiply this by the specified catalogue data in the table, or data read from the torque and power graphs.

Example: at 4 bar supply pressure, the power is only 0.55 x power at 6 bar supply pressure. This example shows how strongly power falls if supply pressure is reduced. You must therefore ensure that the motor is supplied through pipes of sufficient diameter to avoid pressure drop.

The speed and torque can also be regulated by installing a pressure regulator in the inlet pipe. This means that the motor is constantly supplied with air at lower pressure, which means that when the motor is braked, it develops a lower torque on the output shaft.

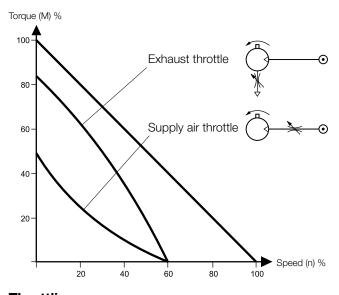


Speed regulation, air flow reduction

Every size reduction or restriction on the air line, whether of the supply hose itself or fittings, before the air motor affects the amount of the supplied air. By throttling you reduce the speed of your motor and simultaneously, the required torque. That means that you reduce the motor performance. The most common way to reduce the speed of a motor is to install a flow control valve in the air outlet, you can set the speed without loss of the torque. When the motor is used in applications where it must reverse and it is necessary to restrict the speed in both directions, flow control valves with by-pass should be used in both directions. If the inlet air is restricted, the air supply is restricted and the free speed of the motor falls, but there is full pressure on the vanes at low speeds. This means that we get full torque from the motor at low speeds despite the low air flow. Since the torque curve becomes "steeper". this also means that we get a lower torque at any given speed than would be developed at full air flow. The benefit of throttling the inlet is that air consumption is reduced, whereas throttling the exhaust air maintains a slightly higher starting torque.



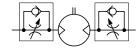
P1V-S - Air Motors



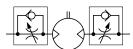
Throttling



Supply or exhaust throttling, non-reversible motor



Supply throttling, reversible motor



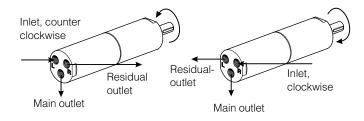
Exhaust throttling, reversible motor



Theoretically torque curve change caused by throttling

Component choice for air supply

Direction of motor rotation



The direction of rotation of reversible motors is controlled by supplying inlet L or inlet R with compressed air. Air motors can be stopped and started continually without damage.

As the motor begins to rotate air is trapped between the vanes and is compressed. This air is exhausted through the exhaust port. As the rotor continues it's rotation, trapped air is compressed and exhausted through the residual port. If this air is not exhausted, the motor will be braked and maximum power will not be obtained.

Compressed air quality

Oil and oil mist are avoided whenever possible to ensure a clean work environment. In addition, purchasing, installation and maintenance of oil equipment can be expensive. All users in all industries now try to avoid using components which have to be lubricated. The P1V air motors series are equipped with vanes for intermittent lubrication free operation as standard, which is the most common application of air motors.

Dry unlubricated compressed air



If unlubricated compressed air is used, the compressed air should comply with the purity standards below in order to guarantee the longest possible overall service life. If the unlubricated compressed air has a high water content, condensation forms inside the motor, causing corrosion in all internal components. A ball bearing can be destroyed in a remarkably short time if it comes into contact with a single water droplet. For indoor use, we recommend ISO8573-1 purity class 3.4.1. To achieve this, compressors must befitted with after coolers, oil filters, refrigerant air dryers and air filters. For indoor/outdoor use, we recommend ISO8573-1 purity class 1.2.1. To achieve this, compressors must be fitted with after coolers, oil filters, adsorption dryers and dust filters.

Oil mist



If oil mist is used (approx. 1 drop of oil per m³ of compressed air), the oil not only acts as a lubricant but also protects against corrosion. This means that compressed air with a certain water content may be used without causing corrosion problems inside the motor. ISO8573-1 purity class 3.-.5 may be used without difficulty. The following oils are recommended for use in the food stuffs industry: Shell Cassida Fluid HF 32 or Klüberoil 4 UH 1-32

ISO 8573-1 purity classes

Quality class	Cor particle size (µm)	max. concentration (mg/m³)	Water max. pressure dew point (°C)	Oil max. concentration (mg.m³)
1	0.1	0.1	-70	0.01
2	1	1	-40	0.1
3	5	5	-20	1.0
4	15	8	+3	5.0
5	40	10	+7	25
6	-	-	+10	-

For example: compressed air to purity class 3.4.3. This means a 5 μ m filter (standard filter), dew point +3°C (refrigerant cooled) and an oil concentration of 1,0 mg oil/m³ (as supplied by a standard compressor with a standard filter).



P1V-S - Air Motors

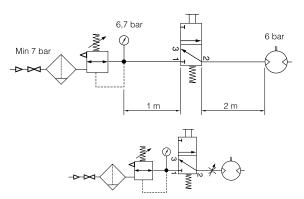
Air supply

Since the supply pressure at the air motor inlet port is of considerable importance for obtaining the power, speed and torque quoted in the catalogue, the recommendations below should be observed.

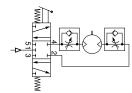
The following data must be complied with:

- Supply pressure: 7 bar
- Regulator pressure setting: 6.7 bar
- Pipe length between air treatment unit and valve: max. 1 m
- Pipe length valve and air motor: max 2 m

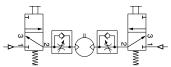
The pressure drop through the air preparation unit, pipe, valve means that 6 bar pressure is obtained at the motor supply port. Please refer to the correction diagram and factors to see what lower supply pressure means for power, speed and torque.



Shut-off, filtering, pressure regulation and control valve



Reversible motor with 5/3 control valve



Reversible motor with two 3/2 control valves

The air with which the motor is supplied must be filtered and regulated. Directional valves are needed to provide it with air, to get the motor to rotate when we want it to. These valves can be equipped with several means of actuation, such as electric, manual and pneumatic control. When the motor is used in a non-reversible application, it is sufficient to use a 2/2 or 3/2 valve function for supply. Either one 5/3 or two 3/2 valves functions are needed for a reversible motor, to ensure that the motor receives compressed air and the residual air outlet is vented. A flow control valve can be installed in the supply pipe to regulate the motor speed if the motor is not used as a reversible motor.

One flow control valve with by-pass is needed to regulate each direction of rotation if the motor is used as a reversible motor. The built-in check valve will then allow air from the residual air outlet to escape through the outlet port in the control valve. The compressed air supply must have sufficiently large pipes and valves to give the motor the maximum power. The motor needs 6 bar at the supply port all the time. For example, a reduction of pressure to 5 bar reduces the power developed to 77% and to 55% at 4 bar!

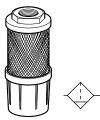
Silencing

Exhaust silencer





Central silencer



The noise from an air motor consists of both mechanical noise and a pulsating noise from the air flowing out of the outlet. The installation of the motor has a considerable effect on mechanical noise. It should be installed so that no mechanical resonance effects can occur. The outlet air creates a noise level which can amount to 115 dB(A) if the air is allowed to exhaust freely into the atmosphere. Various types of exhaust silencers are used to reduce this level. The most common type screws directly onto the exhaust port of the motor. Since the motor function causes the exhaust air to pulsate, it is a good idea to allow the air to exhaust into some kind of chamber first, which reduces the pulsations before they reach the silencer. The best silencing method is to connect a soft plastic hose to a large central silencer with the largest possible area, to reduce the speed of the out-flowing air as far as possible.

NOTE! Remember that if a silencer which is too small or is blocked, generates back pressure on the outlet side of the motor, which reduces the motor power.

CE marking

The air motors are supplied as "Components for installation" – the installer is responsible for ensuring that the motors are installed safely in the overall system. Parker Pneumatic guarantees that its products are safe, and as a supplier of pneumatic equipment we ensure that the equipment is designed and manufactured in accordance with the applicable EU directive.

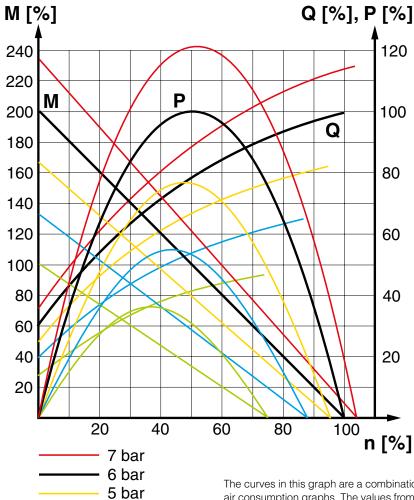
Most of our products are classed as components as defined by various directives, and although we guarantee that the components satisfy the fundamental safety requirements of the directives to the extent that they are our responsibility, they do not usually carry the CE mark. Nevertheless, most P1V-S motors carry the CE mark because they are ATEX certified (for use in explosive atmospheres).

The following are the currently applicable directives:

- Machinery Directive(essential health and safety requirements relating to the design and structure of machines and safety components)
- EMC Directive
- Simple Pressure Vessels Directive
- Low Voltage Directive
- ATEX Directive (ATEX = ATmosphere Explosive)



Torque, power and air consumption graphs



P = power Q = air consumption
M = torque n = speed

____ 4 bar

— 3 bar

The curves in this graph are a combination of the torque, power and air consumption graphs. The values from the correction diagram have also been used for the curves for the different pressure values. The graph also shows that is it very important to ensure that the pressure supplied to the inlet port of the motor is correct, in order to allow the motor to work at maximum capacity. If the valve supplying a large motor is too small or if the supply line is underspecified, the pressure at the inlet port may be so low that the motor is unable to do its work. One solution would be to upgrade the valve and supply system, or alternatively you could replace the motor with a smaller motor with lower air consumption. The result would be increased pressure at the inlet port, which means that the smaller motor could carry out the necessary work. However, you may need to select a smaller motor with a lower free speed in order to obtain sufficient torque at the outgoing shaft.

Choice of an air motor, general

The motor to be used should be selected by starting with the torque needed at a specific spindle speed. In other words, to choose the right motor, you have to know the required speed and torque. Since maximum power is reached at half the motor's free speed, the motor should be chosen so that the point aimed at is as close as possible to the maximum power of the motor.

The design principle of the motor means that higher torque is generated when it is braked, which tends to increase the speed. This means that the motor has a kind of speed selfregulation function built in. Use the following graph to choose the correct motor size and the correct type of gear as appropriate. The graph contains the points for the maximum torque of each motor at maximum power. Put in your point on the graph and select a marked point above and to the right of the point you need.

Then check the characteristic graph of each motor to find more accurate technical data. Always select a motor where the data required is in the orange field. Also use the correction diagram to see what it would mean to use different air supply pressures or different air flow in the motor.

Tip: Select a motor which is slightly too fast and powerful, regulate its speed and torque with a pressure regulator and/or restriction to achieve the optimum working point.

Do you need any support to select the right air motor, please feel free to consult your local sales office.



Specifying air quality (purity) in accordance with ISO8573-1:2010, the international standard for Compressed Air Quality

ISO8573-1 is the primary document used from the ISO8573 series as it is this document which specifies the amount of contamination allowed in each cubic metre of compressed air.

ISO8573-1 lists the main contaminants as Solid Particulate, Water and Oil. The purity levels for each contaminant are shown separately in tabular form, however for ease of use, this document combines all three contaminants into one easy to use table.

			;	Solid Particulate		Water	Oil
ISO8573-1:2010 CLASS	Maximum	number of partic	les per m³	Mass	Vapour	Liquid	Total Oil (aerosol liquid and vapour)
	0,1 - 0,5 micron	0,5 - 1 micron	1 - 5 micron	Concentration mg/m³	Pressure Dewpoint	g/m ³	mg/m ³
0		As sp	pecified by the equ	ipment user or sup	plier and more	e stringent tha	n Class 1
1	≤ 20 000	≤ 400	≤ 10	-	≤ -70 °C	-	0,01
2	≤ 400 000	≤ 6 000	≤ 100	-	≤ -40 °C	-	0,1
3	-	≤ 90 000	≤ 1 000	-	≤ -20 °C	-	1
4	-	-	≤ 10 000	-	≤ +3 °C	-	5
5	-	-	≤ 100 000	-	≤ +7 °C	-	-
6	-	-	-	≤ 5	≤ +10 °C	-	-
7	-	-	-	5 - 10	-	≤ 0,5	-
8	-	-	-	-	-	0,5 - 5	-
9	-	-	-	-	-	5 - 10	-
X	-	-	-	> 10	-	> 10	> 10

Specifying air purity in accordance with ISO8573-1:2010

When specifying the purity of air required, the standard must always be referenced, followed by the purity class selected for each contaminant (a different purity class can be selected for each contamination if required).

An example of how to write an air quality specification is shown below:

ISO 8573-1:2010 Class 1.2.1

ISO 8573-1:2010 refers to the standard document and its revision, the three digits refer to the purity classifications selected for solid particulate, water and total oil. Selecting an air purity class of 1.2.1 would specify the following air quality when operating at the standard's reference conditions:

Class 1 - Particulate

In each cubic metre of compressed air, the particulate count should not exceed 20,000 particles in the 0.1 - 0.5 micron size range, 400 particles in the 0.5 - 1 micron size range and 10 particles in the 1 - 5 micron size range.

Class 2 - Water

A pressure dewpoint (PDP) of -40 $^{\circ}\text{C}~$ or better is required and no liquid water is allowed.

Class 1 - Oil

In each cubic metre of compressed air, not more than 0.01mg of oil is allowed. This is a total level for liquid oil, oil aerosol and oil vapour.

ISO8573-1:2010 Class zero

- Class 0 does not mean zero contamination.
- Class 0 requires the user and the equipment manufacturer to agree contamination levels as part of a written specification.
- The agreed contamination levels for a Class 0 specification should be within the measurement capabilities of the test equipment and test methods shown in ISO8573 Pt 2 to Pt 9.
- The agreed Class 0 specification must be written on all documentation to be in accordance with the standard.
- Stating Class 0 without the agreed specification is meaningless and not in accordance with the standard.
- A number of compressor manufacturers claim that the delivered air from their oil-free compressors is in compliance with Class 0.
- If the compressor was tested in clean room conditions, the contamination detected at the outlet will be minimal. Should the same compressor now be installed in typical urban environment, the level of contamination will be dependent upon what is drawn into the compressor intake, rendering the Class 0 claim invalid.
- A compressor delivering air to Class 0 will still require purification equipment in both the compressor room and at the point of use for the Class 0 purity to be maintained at the application.
- Air for critical applications such as breathing, medical, food, etc typically only requires air quality to Class 2.2.1 or Class 2.1.1.
- Purification of air to meet a Class 0 specification is only cost effective if carried out at the point of use.



New Technology

The P3X Lite air preparation system is constructed from ultra light weight technopolymers instead of the traditional aluminium or zinc die cast, this means that is up to 45% lighter than conventional units.

This non-metal construction also means that the P3X Lite is corrosion free enabling it to be used in harsh industrial environments where anti freeze or aggressive synthetic oils are present.

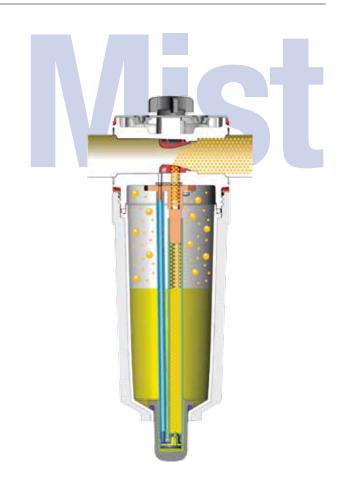
The use of technopolymers in the design of P3X Lite has facilitated a universal body design, this has resulted in reducing the number of variants required to cover the full spectrum of applications. This can dramatically lower logistic costs and simplify stock holding for customers making the P3X Lite a very cost effective solution.



New Nano Mist Technology, New Lubricator Concept. Self-Adjusting.

With conventional lubricators, only the oil volume per time unit can be adjusted. If the demand changes, the quantity dispensed still remains constant.

The P3X Lite lubricator concept sets new benchmarks here. For the first time, the oil volume is automatically adjusted to the flow rate. This ensures that there is neither too little nor too much oil in the system, which leads to clear economic and ecological advantages. In addition, with conventional systems, the distance between the lubricator and the equipment has to be less than 8 meters. With larger distances, the dispensed oil is deposited as a wall flow. The new lubricator principle of the P3X Lite allows for distances of up to 40 meters. This opens up new scope for the design of even more efficient production systems.















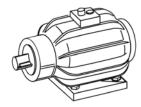
Air Motors

P1V-S, Stainless Steel Type 20 to 1200 Watts



Contents	Pag	ge
Stainless Steel Air Motors P1V-S		15
Choice of air motor		16
Overview		17
Technical data		18
Material specification		18
Permitted shaft loadings		19
Order key		20
Choice of vanes		20
Reversible air motor 20 watts		21
Torque and power graphs		21
Dimensions		21
Reversible air motor right direction 30 watts		22
Torque and power graphs		22
Dimensions		
Reversible air motor 80 watts		23
Torque and power graphs		23
Dimensions		23
Reversible air motor 120 watts		24
Torque and power graphs		24
Dimensions		
Reversible air motor 200 watts		26
Torque and power graphs		26
Dimensions		27
Reversible air motor 300 watts		
Torque and power graphs		28
Dimensions		
Reversible air motor 600 watts		
Torque and power graphs		
Dimensions		
Reversible air motor 900 watts		
Torque and power graphs		
Dimensions		
Reversible air motor 1200 watts		
Torque and power graphs		
Dimensions		35
Stainless Steel Air Motors with brakes P1V-S	36 -	15
Otali 11033 Otoci / Ili Motors With Brances i 1 V O	00	70
High Torque Stainless Steel Air Motors P1V-S	47 -	55
Mountings		56
Lubrication and service life		57
Service kits	58 -	59
Introduction to the ATEX directive	60 -	64





Air motors have much smaller installation dimensions than corresponding electric motors.



Air motors can be loaded until they stall, without damage. They are designed to be able to withstand the toughest heat, vibration, impact etc.





The shape, design and non-lubricated operation allow the motor to be suitable for use in the food industry.



Air motors can be stopped and started continually without damage.



The weight of an air motor is several times less than corresponding electric motors.



Air motors can be used in the harshest environments. Most P1V-S motors are ATEX certified.



The choice of materials means that they can be used in damp and aggressive environments.



The simple design principle of air motors makes them very easy to service.

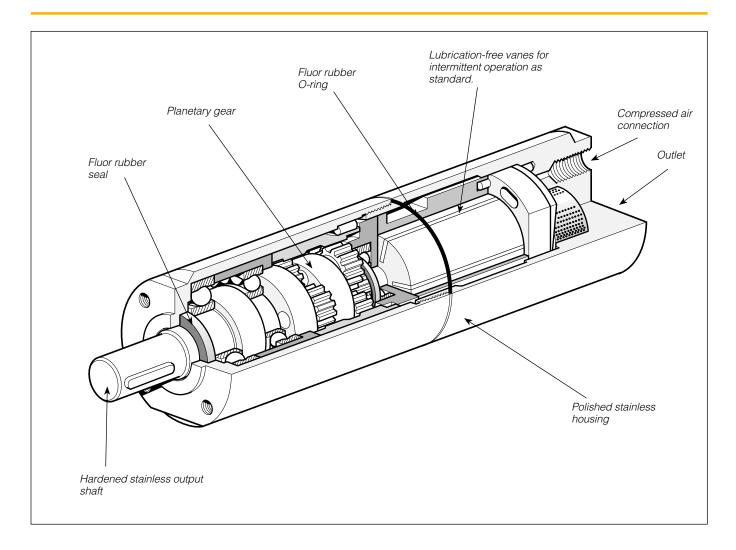


The motors are reversible as standard.



The reliability of air motors is very high, thanks to the design and the low number of moving parts.





Stainless Steel Air Motors

P1V-S is a range of air motors with all external components made of stainless steel, which means that they can be used in food grade applications, and in all other applications where there is a risk of corrosion.

The range contains seven different sizes, with powers ranging from 20 to 1 200 Watts, and speeds from 5 to 24 000 rpm. The air motor and planetary reduction gear are built into a polished stainless steel housing, which is sealed by a fluor rubber O-ring. The output shaft, which is made of polished stainless steel, is also sealed by a fluor rubber seal.

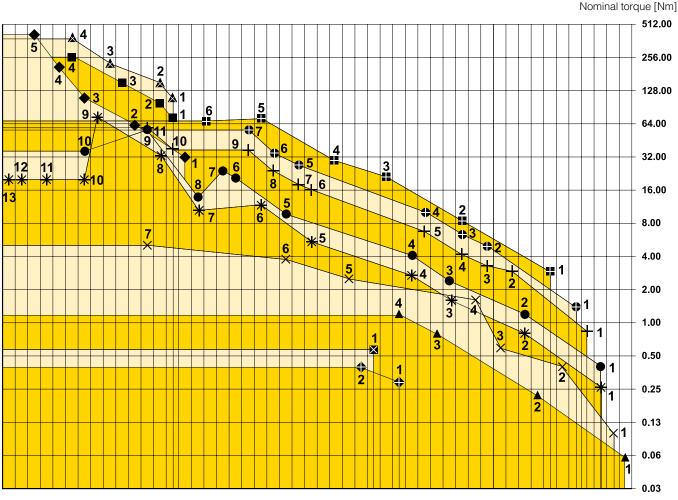
Consideration for achieving a clean, hygienic design was given early on in the development of this range of air motors. Thanks to the cylindrical shape, there are no pockets which can accumulate dirt or bacteria. Additionally, the two halves of the motor body are sealed

with an o-ring to prevent contamination. The choice of materials reflects the fact that aggressive cleaning materials are used in food grade applications.

The P1V-S series is designed to be operated in intermittent intervals under non-lubrication conditions. For this reason, no particles of lubricant escape with the exhaust air and the service costs are reduced. This means that the motors can be used directly in food grade applications. The planetary gear, which has one or more reduction stages, is lubricated with an USDA-H1 standard grease, approved for use in food grade applications.



Choice of an air motor



5 10 20 30 37 50 75 90 115 150 240 315 360 450 500 650 850 1200 1400 1800 2300 4000 6000 7250 12000 Nominal speed [rpm]

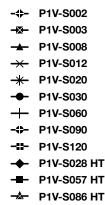
The motor to be used should be selected by starting with the torque needed at a specific shaft speed. In other words, to choose the right motor, you have to know the required speed and torque. Since maximum power is reached at half the motor's free speed, the motor should be chosen so that the oprating point is as close as possible to the maximum power of the motor.

The design principle of the motor means that higher torque is generated when it is braked, which tends to increase the speed, etc. This means that the motor has a kind of speed self-regulation function built in.

Use the above graph to choose the correct motor size. The graph contains the points for the maximum torque of each motor at maximum output. Add your operating point to the graph, then select a marked point above and to the right of your point.

Then use the correct working diagram of the chosen motor to get more detailed technical data. Always select a motor whose requisite technical data are in the shaded area. Also use the correction diagram to find out what operation with different supply pressures would mean for the motor.

Tip: Select a motor which is slightly too fast and powerful, then regulate its speed and torque with a pressure regulator and/or throttle to achieve the optimum working point.





‡	1 2	P1V-S002A0130 P1V-S002A0095		20 Watt	P1V-S002A
×	1	P1V-S003B0100		30 Watt	P1V-S003A
A A A	1 2 3 4	P1V-S008A0Q00 P1V-S008A0700 P1V-S008A0190 P1V-S008A0130		80 Watt	P1V-S008A
× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	P1V-S012A0N00, P1V-S012D0N00 P1V-S012A0550, P1V-S012D0550 P1V-S012A0360, P1V-S012D0360 P1V-S012A0140, P1V-S012D0140 P1V-S012A0090, P1V-S012D0090 P1V-S012A0060, P1V-S012D0060 P1V-S012A0010, P1V-S012D0010		120 Watt	P1V-S012
**************************************	11 12	P1V-S020A0E50, P1V-S020D0E50 P1V-S020A0460, P1V-S020D0460 P1V-S020A0240, P1V-S020D0240 P1V-S020A0140, P1V-S020D0140 P1V-S020A0070, P1V-S020D0070 P1V-S020A0032, P1V-S020D0032 P1V-S020A0018, P1V-S020D0018 P1V-S020A0005, P1V-S020D0005 P1V-S020A0002 P1V-S020A0001 P1V-S020A0001		200 Watt	P1V-S020
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	P1V-S030A0E50, P1V-S030D0E50 P1V-S030A0460, P1V-S030D0460 P1V-S030A0240, P1V-S030D0240 P1V-S030A0140, P1V-S030D0140 P1V-S030A0060, P1V-S030D0060 P1V-S030A0034, P1V-S030D0034 P1V-S030A0023 P1V-S030A0018, P1V-S030D0018 P1V-S030A0010 P1V-S030A0005, P1V-S030D0005	High torque	300 Watt	P1V-S030
+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	P1V-S060A0E00 P1V-S060A0350 P1V-S060A0270 P1V-S060A0170 P1V-S060A0063 P1V-S060A0048 P1V-S060A0030 P1V-S060A0015	1 P1V-S057A0015 2 P1V-S057A0011 3 P1V-S057A0007 4 P1V-S057A0004	600 Watt	P1V-S060A
+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	P1V-S090A0C00 P1V-S090A0350 P1V-S090A0270 P1V-S090A0170 P1V-S060A0063 P1V-S060A0048 P1V-S060A0030	1 P1V-S086A0015 2 P1V-S086A0011 3 P1V-S086A0007 4 P1V-S086A0004	900 Watt	P1V-S090A
	1 2 3 4 5	P1V-S120A0900 P1V-S120A0250 P1V-S120A0110 P1V-S120A0070 P1V-S120A0032		1200 Watt	



Technical data

Air motor size & type	P1V- S002	P1V- S003	P1V- S008	P1V- S012	P1V- S020	P1V- S030	P1V- S060	P1V- S090	P1V- S120
Nominal power (watts)	20	30	80	120	200	300	600	900	1200
Working pressure (bar)				3 to 7, 6 in	explosive a	atmosphere	:		
Working temperature (°C)		-20 to +110							
Ambient temperature (°C)		-20 to +40 in explosive atmosphere							
Air flow required (NI/min)	100	100	230	300	370	470	850	1400	1600
Min pipe ID, inlet (mm)	3	3	4	6	10	10	12	12	19
Min pipe ID, outlet (mm)	3	3	4	6	10	10	12	12	19

Choice of treatment unit: recommended min air flow (I/min) at p1 7.5 bar and 0.8 bar pressure drop

	120	120	260	340	410	510	900	1500	1800	
Medium		40µm filtered, oil mist or dry unlubricated compressed air								
Oil free operation, indoor		ISO8573-1 purity class 3.4.1								
Oil free operation, outdoor	ISO8573-1 purity class 1.2.1									
Oil operation		1-2 drop per cube meter, ISO8573-1 purity class 35								
Recommended oil	Foodstuffs industry Klüber oil 4 UH1- 32 N									

Choice of valve: recommended min nominal air flow (I/min) at p1 6 bar and 1 bar pressure drop

	140	140	290	380	450	550	950	1600	2000
Sound level free outlet (dB(A))	98	98	95	99	100	103	103	106	108
With outlet silencer (dB(A))	85	85	85	92	82	91	94	88	95
Exhaust air removed with pipes to another room	74	74	71	70	71	70	76	80	87

Note: sound levels are measured at free speed with the measuring instrument positioned 1 meter away from the air motor at an height of 1 meter.

Table and diagram data

All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. Oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%

Material specification

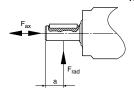
Planetary gearbox housing Planetary gearbox housing For last planet stage including installation flange Air motor housing Stainless steel Shaft Hardened stainless steel Key Hardened stainless steel External seal Fluor rubber Internal steel parts Planetary gear grease used in Screws in housing in last planet stage Stainless steel Stainless steel Hardened stainless steel Fluor rubber FPM Internal steel parts Fluor stainless Surface treated steel (not stainless)	Air motor size & type	P1V- S002	P1V- S003	P1V- S008	P1V- S012	P1V- S020	P1V- S030	P1V- S060	P1V- S090	P1V- S120
for last planet stage including installation flange Air motor housing Stainless steel Shaft Hardened stainless steel Key Hardened stainless steel External seal Fluor rubber Internal steel parts Planetary gear grease used in Screws in housing in last Oxidised steel (not steel (not stainless))	Planetary gearbox housing				S	Stainless ste	eel			
Shaft Key Hardened stainless steel Key Hardened stainless steel External seal Fluor rubber Fluor rubber FPM Internal steel parts High grade steel (not stainless) Planetary gear grease used in Grease, Shell Cassida RLS2 Screws in housing in last Surface treated steel (not stainless)	for last planet stage including	-	-	-	-		oxidised steel (not	-	-	-
Key Hardened stainless steel External seal Fluor rubber Fluor rubber FPM Internal steel parts High grade steel (not stainless) Planetary gear grease used in Grease, Shell Cassida RLS2 Screws in housing in last Surface treated steel (not stainless)	Air motor housing		Stainless steel							
External seal Fluor rubber Fluor rubber FPM Internal steel parts High grade steel (not stainless) Planetary gear grease used in Grease, Shell Cassida RLS2 Screws in housing in last Surface treated steel (not stainless)	Shaft		Hardened stainless steel							
Internal steel parts High grade steel (not stainless) Planetary gear grease used in Grease, Shell Cassida RLS2 Screws in housing in last Surface treated steel (not stainless)	Key		Hardened stainless steel							
Planetary gear grease used in Grease, Shell Cassida RLS2 Screws in housing in last Surface treated steel (not stainless)	External seal Fluor rubber	Fluor rubber FPM								
Screws in housing in last Surface treated steel (not stainless)	Internal steel parts	High grade steel (not stainless)								
Surface freated steel from stainless	Planetary gear grease used in	Grease, Shell Cassida RLS2								
planet etage	Screws in housing in last planet stage		Surface treated steel (not stainless)							

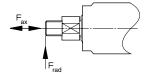
Accessories	P1V
Flange bracket	Stainless steel
Foot bracket	Stainless steel
Screws for the mountings	Stainless steel DIN A2



Permitted shaft loadings

Max. permitted load on output shaft for motors (based on 10 000 000 rpm at input shaft with 90 % probable service life for ball bearings).





Frad [N]

a [mm]

Fig 1: Load on output shaft for basic motor with keyed shaft.

Fig. 2: Load on output shaft for basic motor with threaded shaft.

Notor with keyed	shaft		
Order code	Fax [N]	Frad [N]	a [mm]
P1V-S002A0130	140	180	6
P1V-S002A0095	140	180	6
P1V-S003B0100	140	180	6
P1V-S008A0Q00	200	220	7
P1V-S008A0Q00	200	220	7
P1V-S008A0190	200	220	7
P1V-S008A0130	200	220	7
P1V-S012AN00	380	160	9
P1V-S012A550	380	160	9
P1V-S012A360	380	160	9
P1V-S012A140	380	160	9
P1V-S012A090 P1V-S012A060	380 380	160 160	9
P1V-S012A010	380	160	9
P1V-S020A0E50	570	720	12
P1V-S020A0460	570	720	12
P1V-S020A0240	570	720	12
P1V-S020A0140	570	720	12
P1V-S020A0070	570	720	12
P1V-S020A0032 P1V-S020A0018	570	720	12 12
P1V-S020A0018 P1V-S020A0005	570 570	720 720	12 12
P1V-S020A0005	570 570	720	12
P1V-S020A0002	570	720	12
P1V-S020A0001	570	720	12
1 V-3UZUMUUUU3	310	120	12
P1V-S030A0E50	570	1130	14
P1V-S030A0460	570	1130	14
P1V-S030A0240	570	1130	14
P1V-S030A0140	570	1130	14
P1V-S030A0060 P1V-S030A0034	790	1070	15
P1V-S030A0034	790 790	1070 1070	15 15
P1V-S030A0023	790	1070	15
P1V-S030A0010	790	1070	15
P1V-S030A0005	790	1070	15
241/ 000040500	1110	1000	1.5
P1V-S060A0E00 P1V-S060A0350	1110 1110	1300 1300	15 15
P1V-S060A0270	1110	1300	15
P1V-S060A0170	1110	1300	15
P1V-S060A0063	1110	1300	15
P1V-S060A0048 P1V-S060A0030	1130	2090	18 18
P1V-S060A0030	1130 1130	2090 2090	18
P1V-S090A0C00	1110	1300	15
P1V-S090A0350 P1V-S090A0270	1110 1110	1300 1300	15 15
P1V-S090A0270	1110	1300	15
P1V-S090A0063	1110	1300	15
P1V-S090A0048	1130	2090	18
P1V-S090A0030	1130	2090	18
P1V-S120A0900	2330	2260	18
P1V-S120A0250	2330	2260	18
P1V-S120A0110	2330	2260	18
P1V-S120A0070	2330	2700	30
P1V-S120A0032 P1V-S120A0020	2330 2330	2700 2700	30 30
		2100	
71V-S028A0017	1500	3500	21
P1V-S028A0008	1500	3500	21
P1V-S028A0005 P1V-S028A0003	1500 1500	3500 3500	21 20
P1V-S028A0003	1500	3500	20
P1V-S057A0015	1500	3500	21
P1V-S057A0011	1500	3500	21
P1V-S057A0007 P1V-S057A0004	1500 1500	3500 3500	21 22.5
P1V-S086A0015	1500	3500	21
P1V-S086A0011	1500	3500	21
P1V-S086A0007	1500	3500	21

Motor with threaded shaft

Order code

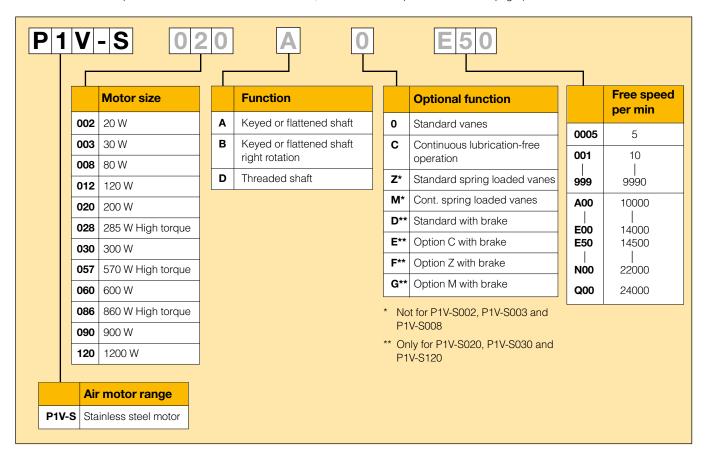
P1V-S012DN00	380	110	0
P1V-S012D550	380	110	Ŏ
P1V-S012D360	380	110	0
P1V-S012D140	380	110	0
P1V-S012D090	380	110	0
P1V-S012D060	380	110	0
P1V-S012D010	380	110	0
P1V-S020D0E50	570	450	0
P1V-S020D0460	570	450	0
P1V-S020D0240	570	450	0
P1V-S020D0140	570	450	0
P1V-S020D0070	570	450	0
P1V-S020D0032	570	450	0
P1V-S020D0018	570	450	0
P1V-S020D0005	570	450	0
P1V-S030D0E50	570	860	0
P1V-S030D0460	570	860	0
P1V-S030D0240	570	860	0
P1V-S030D0140	570	860	0
P1V-S030D0060	790	820	0
P1V-S030D0034	790	820	0
P1V-S030D0018	790	820	0
P1V-S030D0005	790	820	0

Frad = Radial loading (N)
Fax = Axial loading (N)
a = distance from shaft's end (mm)



Order key

(This model code can not be used for creating new part numbers except for optional function. All possible combinations between motor size, function and free speed are in the next pages).



Choice of vanes

0 = Standard vanes	C = Vanes for continuous lubrication-free operation	Z = Standard spring loaded vanes	M = Spring loaded vanes for continuous lubrication-free operation
These motors are of the vane type for intermittent lubrication-free operation. They can operate 70% of the time for up to 15 minutes without lubrication. With lubrication, these motors can operation 100% of the time.	This motor is equipped with vanes for continuous lubrication-free operation. (To obtain the longest possible service life, we recommend no oil in the air.)	All vanes are spring loaded to ensure that they remain pressed against the cylinder when the motor stops. The spring loaded vane option also prevents the vanes from sliding down in their track if vibration is introduced. The spring loaded vanes therefore provide a higher starting torque, improved starting and low speed characteristics, because the leakage over the vanes is reduced to a minimum.	Multi (combination of Z + C) see previous columns



NOTE! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%



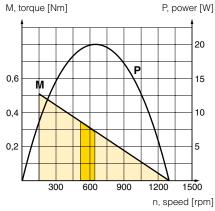
Data for reversible air motor with flattened shaft, P1V-S002A series

Max power	Free speed*	Nominal speed	Nominal torque	Min start torque	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm	rpm	Nm	Nm	l/s		mm	Kg	
0,02	1300	650	0,29	0,44	1,7	M5	3	0,16	P1V-S002A0130
0,02	950	475	0,40	0,60	1,7	M5	3	0,16	P1V-S002A0095

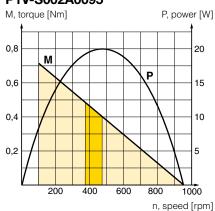
NOTE! Not available with vane options C, Z or M.

The P1V-S002A requires oil mist for lubricating the gearbox.

P1V-S002A0130



P1V-S002A0095



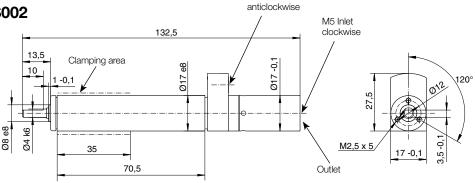
Possible working range of motor.

M5 Inlet

Optimum working range of motor.

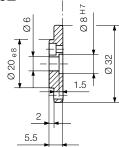
Higher speeds = more vane wear Lower speeds with high torque = more gearbox wear

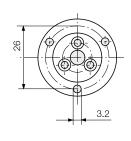
Dimensions (mm) Motor P1V-S002



Flange for P1V-S002

P1V-S4002B







^{*} maximum admissible speed (idling)

NOTE! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%



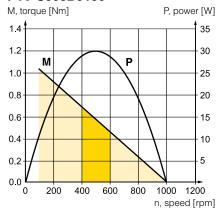
Data for right rotation air motor with flattened shaft, P1V-S003A series

Max power	Free speed*	Nominal speed	Nominal torque	Min start torque	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn. Mi	n pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm	rpm	Nm	Nm	l/s		mm	Kg	
0,03	1000	500	0,57	0,85	1,7	M8x0,75	3	0,13	P1V-S003B0100

NOTE! Not available with vane options C, Z or M.

The P1V-S003A requires oil mist for lubricating the gearbox.

P1V-S003B0100



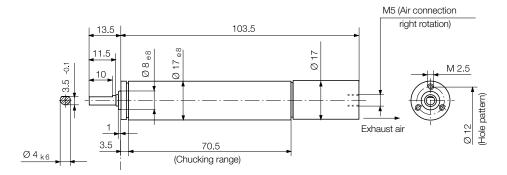


Possible working range of motor.

Optimum working range of motor.

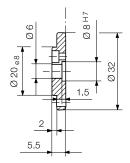
Higher speeds = more vane wear Lower speeds with high torque = more gearbox wear

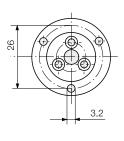
Motor P1V-S003



Flange for P1V-S003

P1V-S4002B







^{*} maximum admissible speed (idling)

NOTE! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%



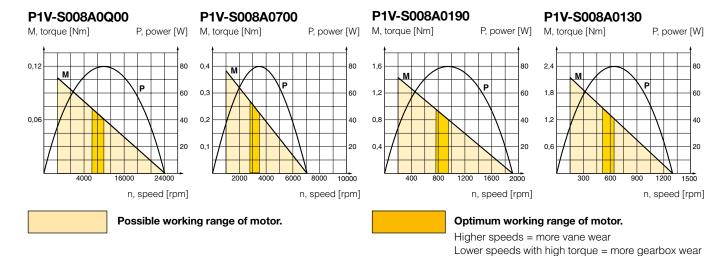
Data for reversible air motor with flattened shaft, P1V-S008A series

Max power	Free speed*	Nominal speed	Nominal torque	Min start torque	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn. Min	pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm	rpm	Nm	Nm	l/s		mm	Kg	
0,08	22000	11000	0,06	0,09	3,8	M8x0,75**	4	0,20	P1V-S008A0Q00
0,08	7000	3500	0,22	0,33	3,8	M8x0,75**	4	0,20	P1V-S008A0700
0,08	1900	950	0,80	1,20	3,8	M8x0,75**	4	0,22	P1V-S008A0190
0,08	1300	650	1,20	1,80	3,8	M8x0,75**	4	0,22	P1V-S008A0130

^{** 3} push in nipples for plastic pipe Ø6/4 supplied NOTE! Not available with vane options C, Z or M.

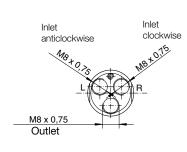
The P1V-S008A requires oil mist for lubricating the gearbox.

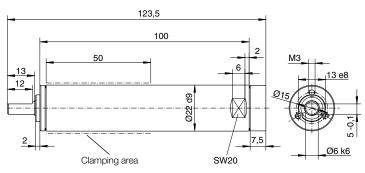
^{*} maximum admissible speed (idling)



Dimensions (mm)

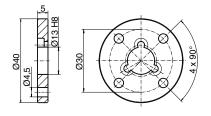
Motor P1V-S008





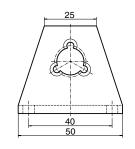
Flange

P1V-S4008B



Foot bracket

P1V-S4008F





NOTE! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%



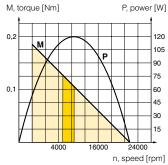


Data for reversible air motor, P1V-S012A series

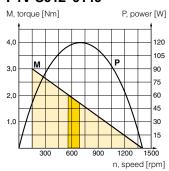
Max power	Free speed*	Nominal speed	Nominal torque	Min start torque	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm	rpm	Nm	Nm	I/s		mm	Kg	
0,120	22000	11000	0,10	0,15	5,0	G1/8	6	0,350	P1V-S012•0N00
0,120	5500	2750	0,40	0,60	5,0	G1/8	6	0,350	P1V-S012•0550
0,120	3600	1800	0,60	0,90	5,0	G1/8	6	0,350	P1V-S012•0360
0,120	1400	700	1,60	2,40	5,0	G1/8	6	0,400	P1V-S012•0140
0,120	900	450	2,50	3,80	5,0	G1/8	6	0,400	P1V-S012•0090
0,120	600	300	3,80	5,00**	5,0	G1/8	6	0,400	P1V-S012•0060
0,090	100	50	5,00**	5,00**	5,0	G1/8	6	0,450	P1V-S012•0010

^{**} Max permitted torque for the gearbox

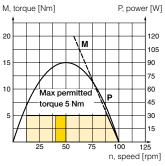
P1V-S012•0N00



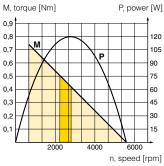
P1V-S012•0140



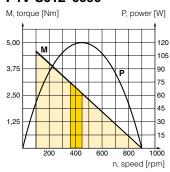
P1V-S012•0010



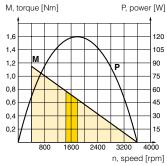
P1V-S012•0550



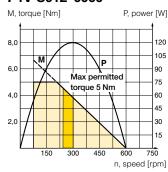
P1V-S012•0090



P1V-S012•0360



P1V-S012•0060



Possible working range of motor.

Optimum working range of motor.

Higher speeds = more vane wear Lower speeds with high torque = more gearbox wear

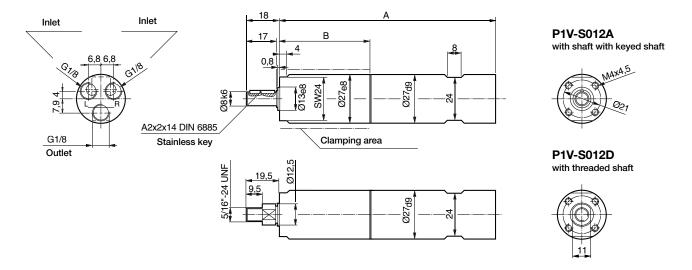


^{*} maximum admissible speed (idling)
The P1V-S012D with threaded shaft may be reversed, but when operated anticlockwise, there is a risk that the driven unit may disconnect if it is not locked properly.

[•] A letter for keyed shaft, D for threaded end shaft

Dimensions (mm)

Motor P1V-S012



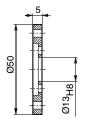
	Α	В
P1V-S012A0N00, P1V-S012D0N00	117,0	46,5
P1V-S012A0550, P1V-S012D0550	117,0	46,5
P1V-S012A0360, P1V-S012D0360	117,0	46,5
P1V-S012A0140, P1V-S012D0140	129,5	59,0
P1V-S012A0090, P1V-S012D0090	129,5	59,0
P1V-S012A0060, P1V-S012D0060	129,5	59,0
P1V-S012A0010. P1V-S012D0010	142.0	71.5

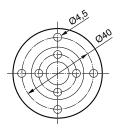
Flange

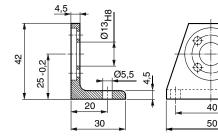
P1V-S4012B

Foot bracket

P1V-S4012F







NOTE! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%



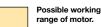


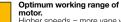
Data for reversible air motor with keyed shaft, P1V-S020A series

				•	,				
ax power	Free speed*	Nominal speed	Nominal torque	Min start torque	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm	rpm	Nm	Nm	l/s		mm	Kg	
0,200	14500	7250	0,26	0,40	6,2	G1/8	10	0,700	P1V-S020•0E50
0,200	4600	2300	0,80	1,20	6,2	G1/8	10	0,750	P1V-S020 • 0460
0,200	2400	1200	1,60	2,40	6,2	G1/8	10	0,750	P1V-S020 • 0240
0,200	1400	700	2,70	4,10	6,2	G1/8	10	0,850	P1V-S020 • 0140
0,200	700	350	5,40	8,20	6,2	G1/8	10	0,850	P1V-S020 • 0070
0,200	320	160	12,00	18,00	6,2	G1/8	10	0,850	P1V-S020 • 0032
0,100	180	90	10,50	15,00	4,5	G1/8	10	0,850	P1V-S020 • 0018
0,180	50	25	20**	20**	6,2	G1/8	10	0,950	P1V-S020 • 0005
0,180	20	-	20**	20**	6,2	G1/8	10	0,950	P1V-S020A0002
0,180	10	-	20**	20**	6,2	G1/8	10	1,050	P1V-S020A0001
0,180	5	-	20**	20**	6,2	G1/8	10	1,050	P1V-S020A00005

^{**} Max permitted torque to not damage the gearbox.

The P1V-S020D with threaded shaft may be reversed, but when operated anticlockwise, there is a risk that the driven unit may disconnect if it is not locked properly.





motor.
Higher speeds = more vane wear
Lower speeds with high torque =
more gearbox wear

175

150

125

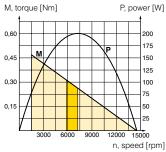
100

50

25

 A letter for keyed shaft. D for threaded end shaft

P1V-S020 • 0E50



P, power [W]

200

175

150

125

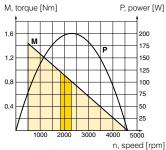
100

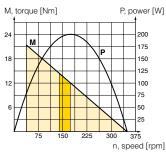
75

25

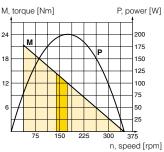
n, speed [rpm]

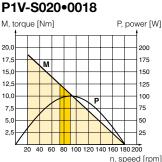
P1V-S020 • 0460





P1V-S020 • 0032





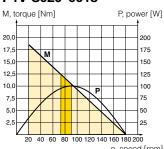
P1V-S020 • 0240

M, torque [Nm]

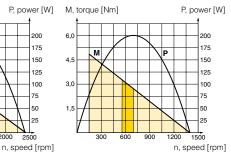
2.25

1,50

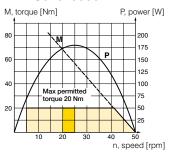
0,75



P1V-S020 • 0140



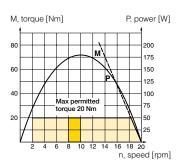
P1V-S020 • 0005



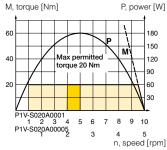
P1V-S020A0002

P1V-S020 • 0070

M, torque [Nm]



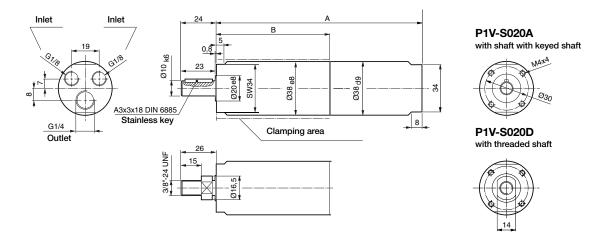
P1V-S020A0001 & P1V-S020A00005





^{*} maximum admissible speed (idling)

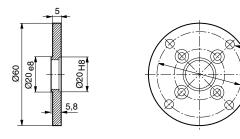
Dimensions (mm) Motor P1V-S020



		Α	В
P1V-S020A0E50,	P1V-S020D0E50	127	63,5
P1V-S020A0460,	P1V-S020D0460	127	63,5
P1V-S020A0240,	P1V-S020D0240	127	63,5
P1V-S020A0140,	P1V-S020D0140	143	79,5
P1V-S020A0001,	P1V-S020D0001	143	79,5
P1V-S020A0035,	P1V-S020D0035	143	79,5
P1V-S020A0018,	P1V-S020D0018	143	79,5
P1V-S020A0005,	P1V-S020D0005	159	95,5
P1V-S020A0002		159	95,5
P1V-S020A0001		175	111,5
P1V-S020A00005	5	175	111,5

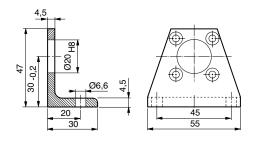
Flange

P1V-S4020B



Foot bracket

P1V-S4020F





NOTE! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower.

Data tolerance accuracy -+10%



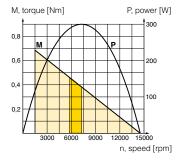


Data for reversible air motor with keyed shaft, P1V-S030A series

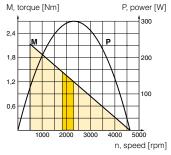
Max power	Free speed*	Nominal speed	Nominal torque	Min start torque	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm	rpm	Nm	Nm	l/s		mm	Kg	
0,300	14500	7250	0,40	0,60	7,8	G1/4	10	1,000	P1V-S030+0E50
0,300	4600	2300	1,20	1,90	7,8	G1/4	10	1,050	P1V-S030 • 0460
0,300	2400	1200	2,40	3,60	7,8	G1/4	10	1,050	P1V-S030 • 0240
0,300	1400	700	4,10	6,10	7,8	G1/4	10	1,100	P1V-S030 • 0140
0,300	600	300	9,60	14,30	7,8	G1/4	10	1,150	P1V-S030 • 0060
0,300	340	170	16,90	25,30	7,8	G1/4	10	1,150	P1V-S030 • 0034
0,300	230	115	24,00	36,00	7,8	G1/4	10	3,300	P1V-S030A0023
0,130	180	90	13,80	21,00	4,7	G1/4	10	1,150	P1V-S030+0018
0,300	100	50	57,00	85,50	7,8	G1/4	10	3,300	P1V-S030A0010
0,280	50	25	36**	36**	7,8	G1/4	10	1,250	P1V-S030•0005

^{**} Max permitted torque to not damage the gearbox.

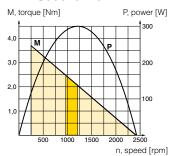
P1V-S030•0E50



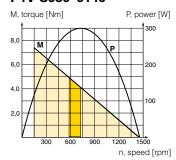
P1V-S030 • 0460



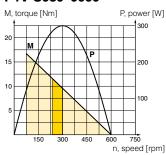
P1V-S030 • 0240



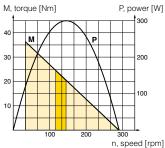
P1V-S030•0140



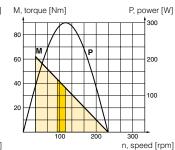
P1V-S030 • 0060



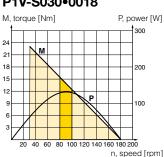
P1V-S030•0034



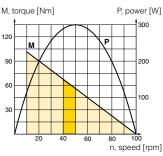
P1V-S030A0023



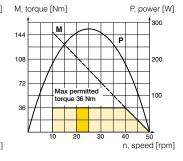
P1V-S030 • 0018



P1V-S030A0010



P1V-S030 • 0005



F

Possible working range of motor.

Optimum working range of motor.

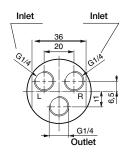
Higher speeds = more vane wear Lower speeds with high torque = more gearbox wear

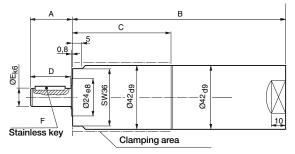


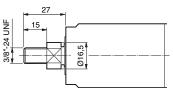
^{*} maximum admissible speed (idling)
The P1V-S030D with threaded shaft may be reversed,
but when operated anticlockwise, there is a risk that the
driven unit may disconnect if it is not locked properly.

[•] A letter for keyed shaft, D for threaded end shaft

Dimensions (mm) Motor P1V-S030







P1V-S030A with shaft with keyed shaft



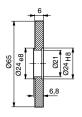
P1V-S030D with threaded shaft

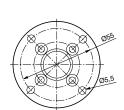


	Α	В	С	D	E	F
P1V-S030A0E50, P1V-S030D0E50	28,5	143	66	27	12	A4x4x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S030A0460, P1V-S030D0460	28,5	143	66	27	12	A4x4x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S030A0240, P1V-S030D0240	28,5	143	66	27	12	A4x4x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S030A0140, P1V-S030D0140	28,5	159	82	27	12	A4x4x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S030A0060, P1V-S030D0060	32,0	159	82	30	14	A5x5x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S030A0034, P1V-S030D0034	32,0	159	82	30	14	A5x5x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S030A0018, P1V-S030D0018	32,0	159	82	30	14	A5x5x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S030A0005, P1V-S030D0005	32,0	164	82	30	14	A5x5x20 DIN 6885

Flange

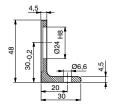
P1V-S4030B

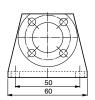


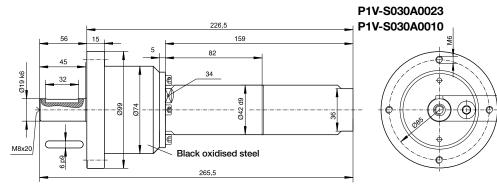


Foot bracket

P1V-S4030F



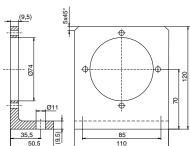




Foot bracket for motors

P1V-S030A0023 and P1V-S030A0010

P1V-S4020C





NOTE! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%



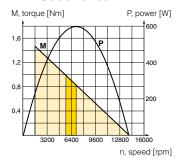


Data for reversible air motor with keyed shaft, P1V-S060A series

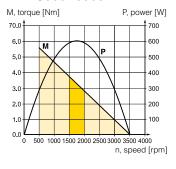
Max power	Free speed*	Nominal speed	Nominal torque	Min start torque	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm	rpm	Nm	Nm	I/s		mm	Kg	
0,600	14000	7000	0,82	1,23	14,2	G3/8	12	2,200	P1V-S060A0E00
0,600	3500	1750	3,20	4,80	14,2	G3/8	12	2,300	P1V-S060A0350
0,600	2700	1350	4,20	6,40	14,2	G3/8	12	2,300	P1V-S060A0270
0,600	1700	850	6,70	10,10	14,2	G3/8	12	2,300	P1V-S060A0170
0,600	630	315	18,00	27,00	14,2	G3/8	12	2,600	P1V-S060A0063
0,600	480	240	24,00	36,00	14,2	G3/8	12	2,700	P1V-S060A0048
0,600	300	150	38,00	57,00	14,2	G3/8	12	2,700	P1V-S060A0030
0,300	150	75	38,00	57,00	14,2	G3/8	12	2,700	P1V-S060A0015

^{*} maximum admissible speed (idling)

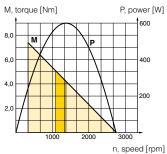
P1V-S060A0E00



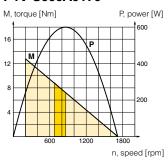
P1V-S060A0350



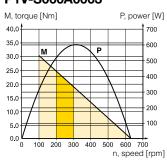
P1V-S060A0270



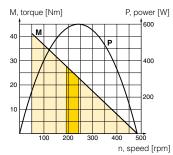
P1V-S060A0170



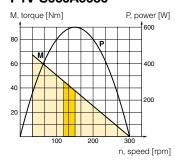
P1V-S060A0063



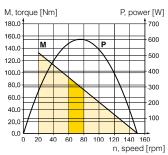
P1V-S060A0048



P1V-S060A0030



P1V-S060A0015





Possible working range of motor.



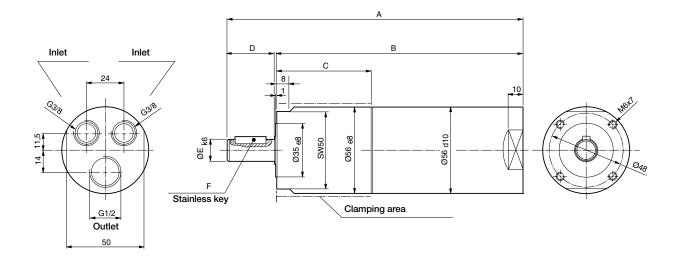
Optimum working range of motor.

Higher speeds = more vane wear Lower speeds with high torque = more gearbox wear



Dimensions (mm)

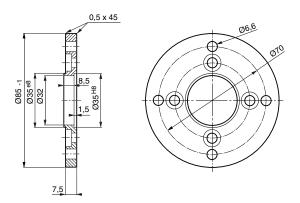
Motor P1V-S060



	Α	В	С	D	E	F
	A	ь	U	D		- F
P1V-S060A0E00	197	165,5	66	30	14	A5x5x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S060A0350	197	165,5	66	30,5	14	A5x5x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S060A0270	197	165,5	66	30,5	14	A5x5x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S060A0170	197	165,5	66	30,5	14	A5x5x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S060A0063	215	183,5	84	30,5	14	A5x5x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S060A0048	217	180,0	80,5	36	19	A6x6x22 DIN 6885
P1V-S060A0030	217	180,0	80,5	36	19	A6x6x22 DIN 6885
P1V-S060A0015	217	180,0	80	35	19	A6x6x22 DIN 6885

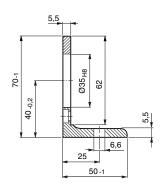
Flange

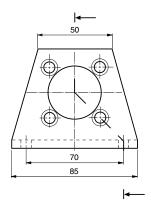
P1V-S4060B



Foot bracket

P1V-S4060F





NOTE! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%



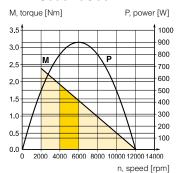


Data for reversible air motor with keyed shaft, P1V-S090A series

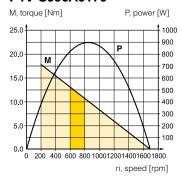
Max powe	er Free speed*	Nominal speed	Nominal torque	Min start torque	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight	Order code
k\	V rpm	rpm	Nm	Nm	l/s		mm	Kg	
0,90	0 12000	6000	1,40	2,10	23,3	G1/2	12	2,500	P1V-S090A0C00
0,90	0 3500	1750	4,90	7,30	23,3	G1/2	12	2,600	P1V-S090A0350
0,90	0 2700	1350	6,30	9,50	23,3	G1/2	12	2,600	P1V-S090A0270
0,90	0 1700	850	10,10	15,20	23,3	G1/2	12	2,600	P1V-S090A0170
0,90	0 630	315	27,00	40,00	23,3	G1/2	12	2,900	P1V-S090A0063
0,90	0 480	240	35,00	53,00	23,3	G1/2	12	3,000	P1V-S090A0048
0,90	0 300	150	57,00	85,00	23,3	G1/2	12	3,000	P1V-S090A0030

^{**} Max permitted torque to not damage the gearbox.

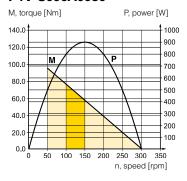
P1V-S090A0C00



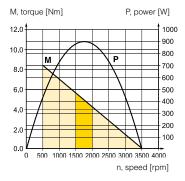
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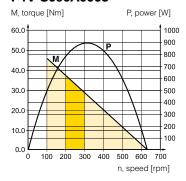
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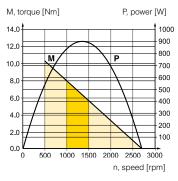
P1V-S090A0350



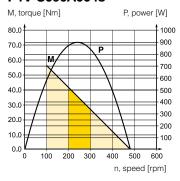
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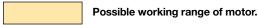


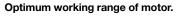
P1V-S090A0270



P1V-S090A0048







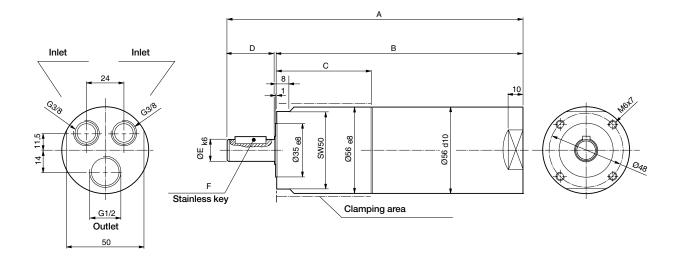
Higher speeds = more vane wear Lower speeds with high torque = more gearbox wear



^{*} Maximum admissible speed (idling)

Dimensions (mm)

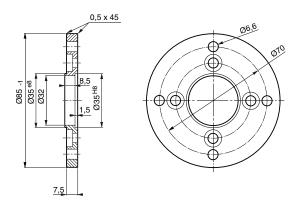
Motor P1V-S090



	Α	В	С	D	E	F
P1V-S090A0C00	217	185,5	67	30,5	14	A5x5x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S090A0350	217	185,5	67	30,5	14	A5x5x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S090A0270	217	185,5	67	30,5	14	A5x5x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S090A0170	217	185,5	67	30,5	14	A5x5x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S090A0063	235	203,5	85	30,5	14	A5x5x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S090A0048	237	200,0	81	36	19	A6x6x22 DIN 6885
P1V-S090A0030	237	200,0	81	36	19	A6x6x22 DIN 6885

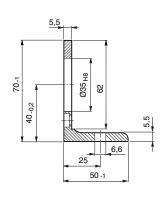
Flange

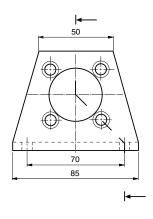
P1V-S4060B



Foot bracket

P1V-S4060F





NOTE! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%



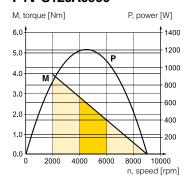


Data for reversible air motor with keyed shaft, P1V-S120A series

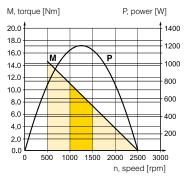
Max power	Free speed*	Nominal speed	Nominal torque	Min start torque	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm	rpm	Nm	Nm	l/s		mm	Kg	
1,200	9000	4500	2,50	3,80	26,7	G3/4	19	5,5	P1V-S120A0900
1,200	2500	1250	9,20	13,70	26,7	G3/4	19	5,5	P1V-S120A0250
1,200	1100	550	21,00	31,00	26,7	G3/4	19	6,1	P1V-S120A0110
1,200	700	350	33,00	49,00	26,7	G3/4	19	5,6	P1V-S120A0070
1,200	320	160	71,00	107,00	26,7	G3/4	19	6,7	P1V-S120A0032
0,700	200	100	66,90	100.00	19	G3/4	19	6,7	P1V-S120A0020

^{*} Maximum admissible speed (idling)

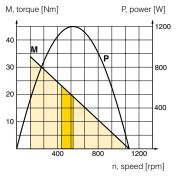
P1V-S120A0900



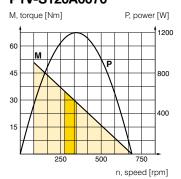
P1V-S120A0250



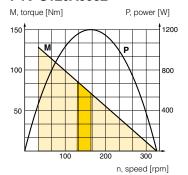
P1V-S120A0110



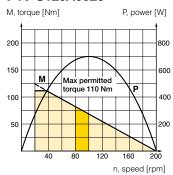
P1V-S120A0070

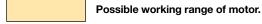


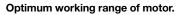
P1V-S120A0032



P1V-S120A0020





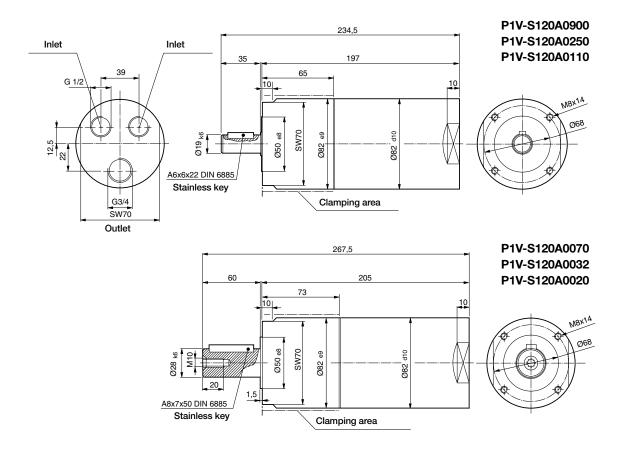


Higher speeds = more vane wear Lower speeds with high torque = more gearbox wear



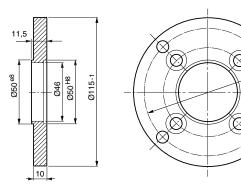
Dimensions (mm)

Motor P1V-S120



Flange

P1V-S4120B

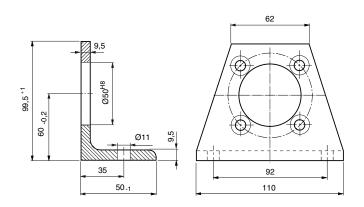


Foot bracket

P1V-S4120F

Ø9_

Ø100

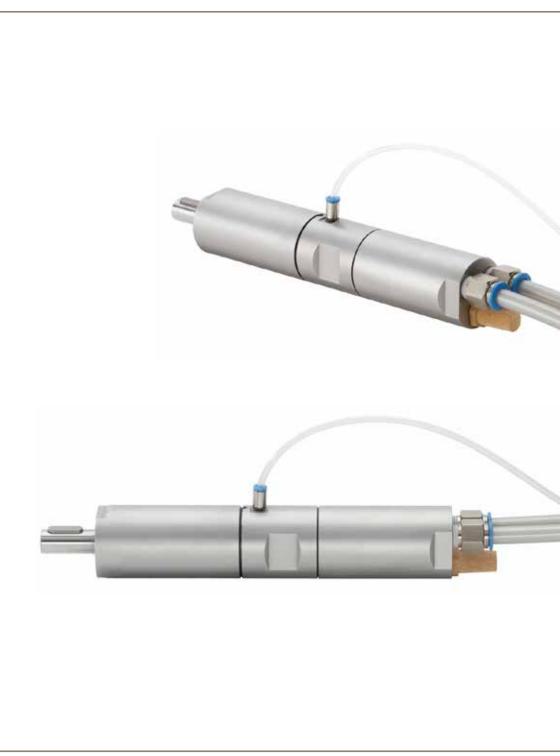












Air Motors

P1V-S Stainless Steel with Brake Type 200, 300 & 1200 Watts

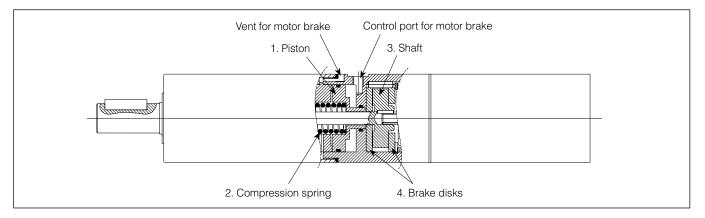


P1V-S - Stainless Steel Air Motors with Brakes

Contents	Page
Introduction	39
Stainless Steel Air Motors with Brakes 200 watts Dimensions	
Stainless Steel Air Motors with Brakes 300 watts Dimensions	
Stainless Steel Air Motors with Brakes 1200 watts Dimensions	
Mountings Lubrication and service life Service kits	57



Introduction



Applications

The integrated brake is a spring-loaded disk brake, which is released at a minimum air pressure of 5 bar. The brake is applied in the absence of pressure. As soon as the control port for the brake is placed under pressure, the piston (1) is pressurised and the spring (2) is compressed. The motor can now start and the torque is passed to the shaft (3). The ventilation air from the brake is connected with the atmosphere. In order to brake the motor, the control air to the brake is simply vented. The piston (1) is pushed to the right by the spring (2), and the axle (3) is jammed between the two brake disks (4).

The technology and the size of air motors with stationary brake make them ideal for applications requiring short stops after having cutting air pressure inside the air motors for blocking the rotation. Another typical application for brake motors is when the output shaft needs to be held in one position when the motor stops delivering torque and must stays in position. The brake can handle more than 1500 braking operations per hour at maximum braking torque.

Disassembly and Reassembly

Detach the connections with the motor and gearbox. Pull off the motor and gearbox part. The brake disks can be lifted off after the lock ring has been removed.

Service and Maintenance

After 20 000 braking operations as a stationary brake or 10 000 braking operations as an operating brake, the brake must be disassembled in order to check for wear.

Warning:

If the number of braking operations is exceeded, the degree of wear might be greater than permitted and the braking effect might be lost. If this happens, you simply need to replace the worn brake linings. Tests show that the brake lining needs to be replaced after approx. 90 000 braking cycles.

NOTE!

Brake motors must only ever be supplied with unlubricated air, otherwise there is a risk of oil from the supply air getting into the brake unit, resulting in poor brake performance or no braking effect

Air motor size & type	200 watts	, ••• = 020	300 watts	, ••• = 030	1200 watts	s, ••• = 120
	Motor Max torque Nm	Theoretical min braking torque Nm	Motor Max torque Nm	Theoretical min braking torque Nm	Motor Max torque Nm	Theoretical min braking torque Nm
P1V-S•••ADE50	0.52	1	0.8	1	-	-
P1V-S120AD900	-	-	-	-	5	6.2
P1V-S•••AD460	1.6	3.4	2.4	34	-	-
P1V-S120AD250	-	-	-	-	18.4	2.3
P1V-S•••AD240	3.2	6.7	4.8	6.7	-	-
P1V-S•••AD140	5.4	11.8	8.2	11.8	-	-
P1V-S120AD110	-	-	-	-	42	52
P1V-S•••AD070	10.8	20	-	-	66	83
P1V-S•••AD034	-	-	19.2	36	-	-
P1V-S•••AD032	24	44.4	-	-	142	177
P1V-S030AD023	-	-	48	70.8	-	-
P1V-S•••AD018	21	44.4	47.2	123.6	-	-
P1V-S020AD011	66	137.2	-	-	-	-
P1V-S030AD010	-	-	114	123.6	-	-
P1V-S020AD006	144	266.4	-	-	-	-
P1V-S•••AD005	20*	44.4	36*	40	-	-
P1V-S020AD002	20*	44.4	-	-	-	-
P1V-S020AD001	20*	44.4	-	-	-	-
P1V-S020AD0005	20*	44.4	-	-	-	-

*Warning !: the permitted torque for the specific gearbox must not be exceeded.

Brake release: minimum air pressure of 5 bar



Technical data

Air motor size & type	P1V-S020	P1V-S030	P1V-S120
Nominal power (watts)	200	300	1200
Working pressure (bar)	3 to 7, 6 in exp	olosive atmosphere (with brake no	t atex certified)
Working temperature (°C)		-20 to +110	
Ambient temperature (°C)	-20 to +40 in ex	plosive atmosphere (with brake n	ot atex certified)
Air flow required (NI/min)	370	470	1600
Min pipe ID, inlet (mm)	10	10	19
Min pipe ID, outlet (mm)	10	10	19

Choice of treatment unit: recommended min air flow (I/min) at p1 7.5 bar and 0.8 bar pressure drop

	410	510	1800
Medium	40µm filtere	d, oil mist or dry unlubricated con	npressed air
Oil free operation, indoor		ISO8573-1 purity class 3.4.1	
Oil free operation, outdoor		ISO8573-1 purity class 1.2.1	
Oil operation	1-2 drop p	er cube meter, ISO8573-1 purity	class 35
Recommended oil	Food	dstuffs industry Klüber oil 4 UH1-	32 N

Choice of valve: recommended min nominal air flow (I/min) at p1 6 bar and 1 bar pressure drop

	450	550	2000
Sound level free outlet (dB(A))	100	103	108
With outlet silencer (dB(A))	82	91	95
Exhaust air removed with pipes to another room	71	70	87

Note: sound levels are measured at free speed with the measuring instrument positioned 1 meter away from the air motor at an height of 1 meter.

Table and diagram data

All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. Oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%

Material specification

Air motor size & type	P1V-S020	P1V-S030	P1V-S120
Planetary gearbox housing		Stainless steel	
Planetary gearbox housing for last planet stage including installation flange	Stainless Steel or Black or	xidised steel (not stainless)	Stainless steel
Air motor housing		Stainless steel	
Shaft		Hardened stainless steel	
Key		Hardened stainless steel	
External seal Fluor rubber		Fluor rubber FPM	
Internal steel parts		High grade steel (not stainless)	
Planetary gear grease used in		Grease, Shell Cassida RLS2	
Screws in housing in last planet stage	8	Surface treated steel (not stainless))
A		DAV	
Accessories		P1V	
Flange bracket		Stainless steel	



Screws for the mountings

Foot bracket

Stainless steel

Stainless steel DIN A2

P1V-S - Stainless Steel Air Motors with Brakes

NOTE! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%

IMPORTANT! Non Atex certified

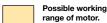


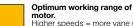
Data for reversible brake motor with keyed shaft, P1V-S020AD series

Max power	Free speed*	Nominal speed	Nominal torque	Min start torque	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm	rpm	Nm	Nm	I/s		mm	Kg	
0,200	14500	7250	0,26	0,40	6,2	G1/8	10	1,000	P1V-S020ADE50
0,200	4600	2300	0,80	1,20	6,2	G1/8	10	1,050	P1V-S020AD460
0,200	2400	1200	1,60	2,40	6,2	G1/8	10	1,050	P1V-S020AD240
0,200	1400	700	2,70	4,10	6,2	G1/8	10	1,150	P1V-S020AD140
0,200	700	350	5,40	8,20	6,2	G1/8	10	1,150	P1V-S020AD070
0,200	320	160	12,00	18,00	6,2	G1/8	10	1,150	P1V-S020AD032
0,100	180	90	10,50	15,00	4,5	G1/8	10	1,150	P1V-S020AD018
0,180	50	25	20,00**	20,00**	6,2	G1/8	10	1,250	P1V-S020AD005
0,180	20	-	20,00**	20,00**	6,2	G1/8	10	1,250	P1V-S020AD002
0,180	10	_	20,00**	20,00**	6,2	G1/8	10	1,350	P1V-S020AD001
0,180	5	-	20,00**	20,00**	6,2	G1/8	10	1,350	P1V-S020AD0005

^{**} Max permitted torque to not damage the gearbox.

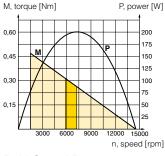
The P1V-S020D with threaded shaft may be reversed, but when operated anticlockwise, there is a risk that the driven unit may disconnect if it is not locked properly.



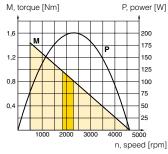


motor.
Higher speeds = more vane wear
Lower speeds with high torque =
more gearbox wear

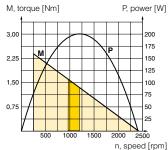
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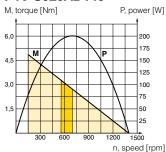
P1V-S020AD460



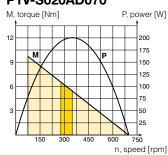
P1V-S020AD240



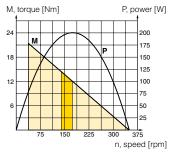
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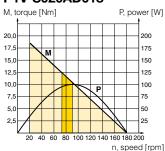
P1V-S020AD070



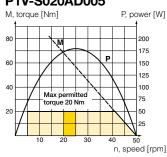
P1V-S020AD032



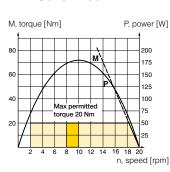
P1V-S020AD018



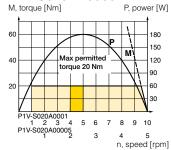
P1V-S020AD005



P1V-S020AD002



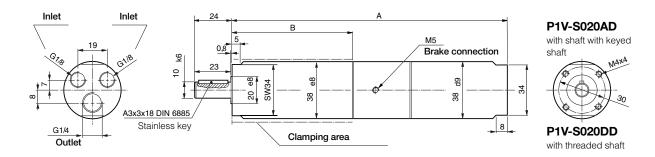
P1V-S020AD001 & P1V-S020AD0005



^{*} maximum admissible speed (idling)

Dimensions (mm)

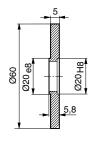
Brake motor P1V-S020

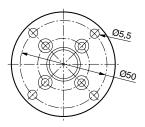


	Α	В
	^	
P1V-S020ADE50 1	70	63,5
P1V-S020AD460 1	70	63,5
P1V-S020AD240 1	70	63,5
P1V-S020AD140 18	36	79,5
P1V-S020AD070 18	36	79,5
P1V-S020AD032	36	79,5
P1V-S020AD018 18	36	79,5
P1V-S020AD005 2	02	95,5
P1V-S020AD002 2	02	95,5
P1V-S020AD001 2	18 1	11,5

Flange

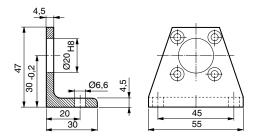
P1V-S4020B





Foot bracket

P1V-S4020F





P1V-S - Stainless Steel Air Motors with Brakes

NOTE! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%



IMPORTANT! Non Atex certified

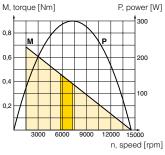
Data for reversible brake motor with keyed shaft, P1V-S030AD series

Max power	Free speed*	Nominal speed	Nominal torque	Min start torque Nm	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight Kg	Order code
0,300	14500	7250	0,40	0,60	8,0	G1/4	10	1,350	P1V-S030ADE50
0,300	4600	2300	1,20	1,90	8,0	G1/4	10	1,400	P1V-S030AD460
0,300	2400	1200	2,40	3,60	8,0	G1/4	10	1,400	P1V-S030AD240
0,300	1400	700	4,10	6,10	8,0	G1/4	10	1,450	P1V-S030AD140
0,300	600	300	9,60	14,30	8,0	G1/4	10	1,500	P1V-S030AD060
0,300	340	170	16,90	25,30	8,0	G1/4	10	1,500	P1V-S030AD034
0,300	230	115	24,00	36**	8,0	G1/4	10	3,650	P1V-S030AD023
0,130	180	90	13,80	21,00	4,7	G1/4	10	1,150	P1V-S030AD018
0,300	100	50	57,00	85,50	8,0	G1/4	10	3,650	P1V-S030AD010
0,280	50	25	36**	36**	8,0	G1/4	10	1,600	P1V-S030AD005

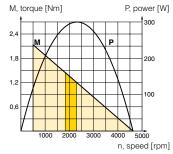
^{**} Max permitted torque to not damage the gearbox.

The P1V-S030D with threaded shaft may be reversed, but when operated anticlockwise, there is a risk that the driven unit may disconnect if it is not locked properly.

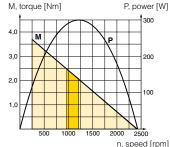
P1V-S030ADE50



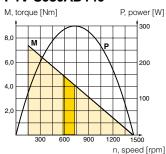
P1V-S030AD460



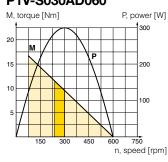
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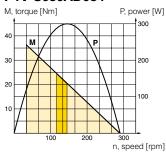
P1V-S030AD140



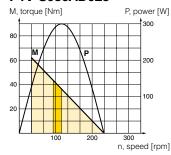
P1V-S030AD060



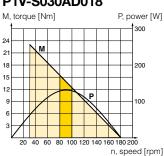
P1V-S030AD034



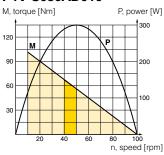
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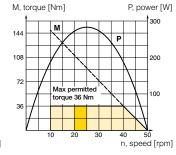
P1V-S030AD018



P1V-S030AD010



P1V-S030AD005





Possible working range of motor.



Optimum working range of motor.

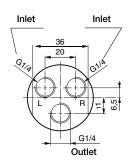
Higher speeds = more vane wear Lower speeds with high torque = more gearbox wear

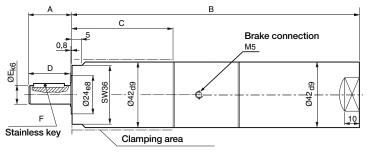


^{*} maximum admissible speed (idling)

Dimensions (mm)

Brake motor P1V-S030





P1V-S030D with threaded shaft

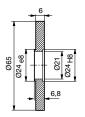
P1V-S030A

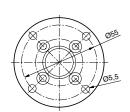
with shaft with keyed shaft

	Α	В	С	D	E	F
P1V-S030ADE50	28,5	186	66	27	12	A4x4x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S030AD460	28,5	186	66	27	12	A4x4x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S030AD240	28,5	186	66	27	12	A4x4x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S030AD140	28,5	202	82	27	12	A4x4x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S030AD060	32,0	202	82	30	14	A5x5x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S030AD034	32,0	202	82	30	14	A5x5x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S030AD018	32,0	202	82	30	14	A5x5x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S030AD005	32,0	207	82	30	14	A5x5x20 DIN 6885

Flange

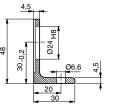
P1V-S4030B

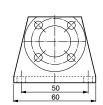


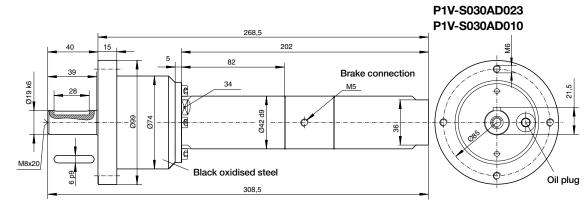


Foot bracket

P1V-S4030F

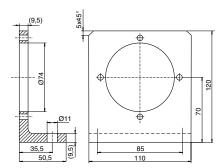






Foot bracket for motors P1V-S030AD0023 and P1V-S030AD0010





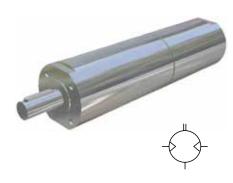


P1V-S - Stainless Steel Air Motors with Brakes

NOTE! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower.

Data tolerance accuracy -+10%

IMPORTANT! Non Atex certified

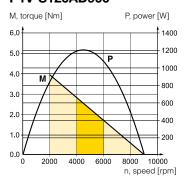


Data for reversible brake motor with keyed shaft, P1V-S120AD series

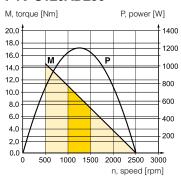
Max power	Free speed*	Nominal speed	Nominal torque	Min start torque	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm	rpm	Nm	Nm	l/s		mm	Kg	
1,200	9000	4500	2,50	3,80	26,7	G3/4	19	9,000	P1V-S120AD900
1,200	2500	1250	9,20	13,70	26,7	G3/4	19	9,200	P1V-S120AD250
1,200	1100	550	21,00	31,00	26,7	G3/4	19	9,200	P1V-S120AD110
1,200	700	350	33,00	49,00	26,7	G3/4	19	9,700	P1V-S120AD070
1,200	320	160	71,00	107,00	26,7	G3/4	19	9,700	P1V-S120AD032

^{*} maximum admissible speed (idling)

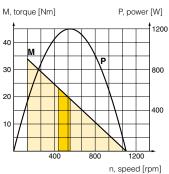
P1V-S120AD900



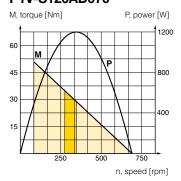
P1V-S120AD250



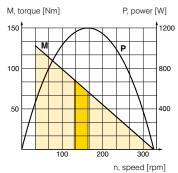
P1V-S120AD110



P1V-S120AD070



P1V-S120AD032



Possible working range of motor.



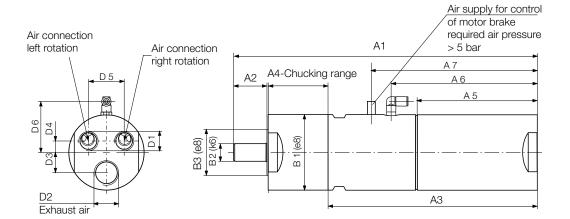
Optimum working range of motor.

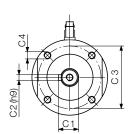
Higher speeds = more vane wear Lower speeds with high torque = more gearbox wear



Dimensions (mm)

Brake motor P1V-S120

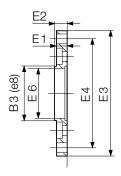


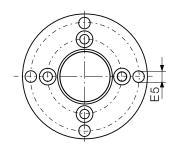


	Α	В	С	D	E	F
P1V-S120AD900	28,5	186	66	27	12	A4x4x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S120AD250	28,5	186	66	27	12	A4x4x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S120AD110	28,5	186	66	27	12	A4x4x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S120AD070	28,5	202	82	27	12	A4x4x20 DIN 6885
P1V-S120AD032	32,0	202	82	30	14	A5x5x20 DIN 6885

Flange

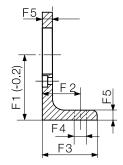
P1V-S4120B

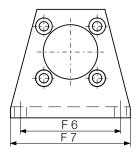




Foot bracket

P1V-S4120F

















Air Motors

P1V-S, Stainless Steel High Torque Type 285, 570 & 860 Watts



Contents	Page
Technical data	
Material specification	49
Stainless Steel High Torque Air Motors P1V-S 285 W	50
Dimensions	51
Stainless Steel High Torque Air Motors P1V-S 570 W	52
Dimensions	53
Stainless Steel High Torque Air Motors P1V-S 860 W	54
Dimensions	55
Mountings	56
Lubrication and service life	57
Service kits	58 - 59
Introduction to the ATEX directive	60 - 64



Technical data

Air motor size & type	P1V-S028	P1V-S057	P1V-S086		
Nominal power (watts)	285	570	860		
Working pressure (bar)	3 to 7, 6 in exp	losive atmosphere (high torque no	ot atex certified)		
Working temperature (°C)		-20 to +110			
Ambient temperature (°C)	-20 to +40 in exp	olosive atmosphere (high torque r	not atex certified)		
Air flow required (NI/min)	470	850	1400		
Min pipe ID, inlet (mm)	10	12	12		
Min pipe ID, outlet (mm)	10	12	12		

Choice of treatment unit: recommended min air flow (I/min) at p1 7.5 bar and 0.8 bar pressure drop

	510	900	1500						
Medium	40µm filtere	40µm filtered, oil mist or dry unlubricated compressed air							
Oil free operation, indoor		ISO8573-1 purity class 3.4.1							
Oil free operation, outdoor		ISO8573-1 purity class 1.2.1							
Oil operation	1-2 drop p	er cube meter, ISO8573-1 purity	class 35						
Recommended oil	Food	Foodstuffs industry Klüber oil 4 UH1- 32 N							

Choice of valve: recommended min nominal air flow (I/min) at p1 6 bar and 1 bar pressure drop

	550	950	1600
Sound level free outlet (dB(A))	103	103	106
With outlet silencer (dB(A))	91	94	88
Exhaust air removed with pipes to another room	70	76	80

Note: sound levels are measured at free speed with the measuring instrument positioned 1 meter away from the air motor at an height of 1 meter.

Table and diagram data

All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. Oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%

Material specification

Air motor size & type	P1V-S028	P1V-S057	P1V-S086							
Planetary gearbox housing	Stainless steel									
Air motor housing		Stainless steel								
Shaft		Hardened stainless steel								
Key		Hardened stainless steel								
External seal Fluor rubber		Fluor rubber FPM								
Internal steel parts		High grade steel (not stainless)								
Planetary gear grease used in		Grease, Shell Cassida RLS2								
Screws in housing in last planet stage	Surface treated steel (not stainless)									

Accessories	P1V
Flange bracket	Stainless steel
Foot bracket	Stainless steel
Screws for the mountings	Stainless steel DIN A2



The high torque motors of the P1V-S type are small in size but provide extremely high output. Our high torque motors are also less apt to stall. These drive solutions are Particularly suitable for use in industrial agitators and mixers as used in the paint industry, food industry or pharmaceutical industry.

NOTE! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%





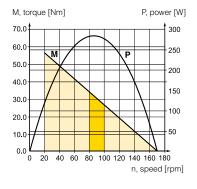


Data for reversible air motor with keyed shaft, P1V-S028A series

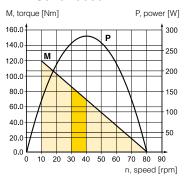
Max power	Free speed*	Nominal speed	Nominal torque	Min start torque	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm	rpm	Nm	Nm	I/s		mm	Kg	
0,285	170	85	32	47	7,8	G3/8	10	2,700	P1V-S028A0017
0,285	80	40	62	92	7,8	G3/8	10	2,600	P1V-S028A0008
0,285	50	25	110	162	7,8	G3/8	10	2,900	P1V-S028A0005
0,280	26	13	210	320	7,8	G3/8	10	3,500	P1V-S028A0003
0,280	14	7	410	615	7,8	G3/8	10	3,500	P1V-S028A0002

^{*} maximum admissible speed (idling)

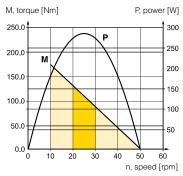
P1V-S028A0017



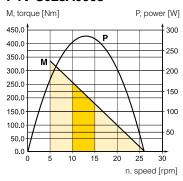
P1V-S028A0008



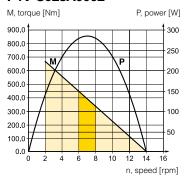
P1V-S028A00005



P1V-S028A0003



P1V-S028A0002





Possible working range of motor.



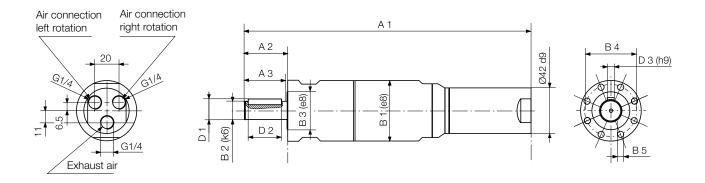
Optimum working range of motor.

Higher speeds = more vane wear Lower speeds with high torque = more gearbox wear



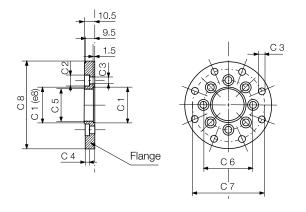
Dimensions (mm)

High Torque Motor P1V-S028



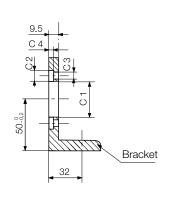
	A1	A2	A 3	D1	D2	D3 (h9)	B1 (e8)	B2 (k6)	В3	B4	B 5
P1V-S028A0017	254	44	42	21.5	32	A6x6x32 DIN6885	56	19	35	48	M6
P1V-S028A0008	254	44	42	21.5	32	A6x6x32 DIN6885	56	19	35	48	M6
P1V-S028A0005	270	44	42	21.5	32	A6x6x32 DIN6885	56	19	35	48	M6
P1V-S028A0003	270	47	45	27	32	A6x6x32 DIN6885	63	24	34	45	M8
P1V-S028A0002	279	47	45	27	32	A6x6x32 DIN6885	63	24	34	45	M8

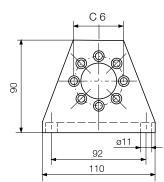
Flange P1V-S4028B1 & B2



Foot bracket

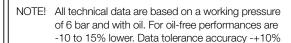
P1V-S4028F1 & F2





	c1 (e8)	C2	СЗ	C4	C5	C6	C 7	C8
P1V-S028F1	35	11	6.6	4		48	70	
P1V-S028F2	34	13	8.4	5		45	79	
P1V-S028B1	35	11	6.6	4	32	48	70	85
P1V-S028B2	34	13	8.4	5	30	45	79	95

The high torque motors of the P1V-S type are small in size but provide extremely high output. Our high torque motors are also less apt to stall. These drive solutions are Particularly suitable for use in industrial agitators and mixers as used in the paint industry, food industry or pharmaceutical industry.







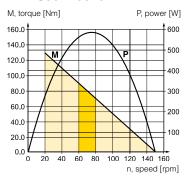


Data for reversible air motor with keyed shaft, P1V-S057A series

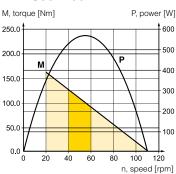
Max power	Free speed*	Nominal speed	Nominal torque	Min start torque Nm	Air consumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight Kg	Order code
NVV	трпт	трпп	INIII	INIII	1/5		111111	Ng	
0,570	150	75	72	108	14,2	G1/2	10	3,600	P1V-S057A0015
0,570	110	55	98	147	14,2	G1/2	10	3,600	P1V-S057A0011
0,570	74	37	150	225	14,2	G1/2	10	3,600	P1V-S057A0007
0,565	40	20	265	400	14,2	G1/2	10	4,400	P1V-S057A0004

^{*} maximum admissible speed (idling)

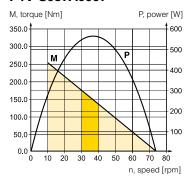
P1V-S057A0015



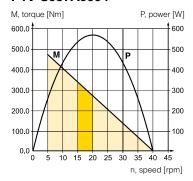
P1V-S057A0011

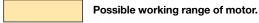


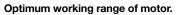
P1V-S057A0007



P1V-S057A0004





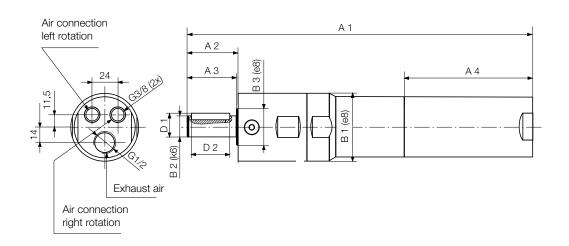


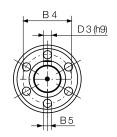
Higher speeds = more vane wear Lower speeds with high torque = more gearbox wear



Dimensions (mm)

High Torque Motor P1V-S057

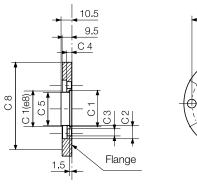


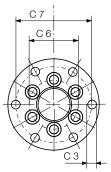


	A 1	A2	A3	A4	D1	D3 (h9)	D2	B1 (e8)	B2 (k6)	B3 (e8)	B4	B 5
P1V-S057A0015	283.5	44	42	98.5	21.5	A6x6x32 DIN6885	32	56	19	35	48	M6
P1V-S057A0011	283.5	44	42	98.5	21.5	A6x6x32 DIN6885	32	56	19	35	48	M6
P1V-S057A0007	283.5	44	42	98.5	21.5	A6x6x32 DIN6885	32	56	19	35	48	M6
P1V-S057A0004	347	47	45	98.5	27	A6x6x32 DIN6885	32	63	24	34	45	M8

Flange

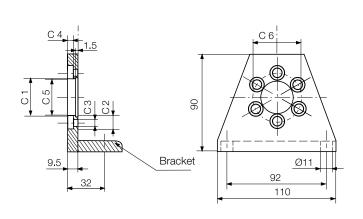
P1V-S4028B1 & B2





Foot bracket

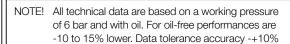
P1V-S4028F1 & F2



	c1 (e8)	C2	C3	C4	C 5	C6	C7	C8
P1V-S028F1	35	11	6.6	4		48	70	
P1V-S028F2	34	13	8.4	5		45	79	
D.V./ 0000D.	0.5						=0	0.5
P1V-S028B1	35	11	6.6	4	32	48	70	85
P1V-S028B2	34	13	8.4	5	30	45	79	95



The high torque motors of the P1V-S type are small in size but provide extremely high output. Our high torque motors are also less apt to stall. These drive solutions are Particularly suitable for use in industrial agitators and mixers as used in the paint industry, food industry or pharmaceutical industry.







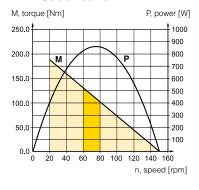


Data for reversible air motor with keyed shaft, P1V-S086A series

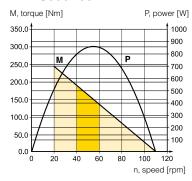
Max power	Free speed*	Nominal speed	Nominal torque	Min start torque	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm	rpm	Nm	Nm	l/s		mm	Kg	
0,860	150	75	160	110	23,3	G1/2	10	3,800	P1V-S086A0015
0,860	110	55	220	150	23,3	G1/2	10	3,900	P1V-S086A0011
0,860	70	35	335	225	23,3	G1/2	10	3,900	P1V-S086A0007
0,850	40	20	600	400	23,3	G1/2	10	4,700	P1V-S086A0004

^{*} maximum admissible speed (idling)

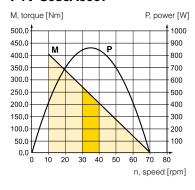
P1V-S086A0015



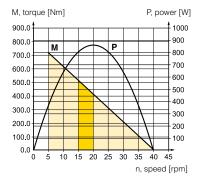
P1V-S086A0011



P1V-S086A0007



P1V-S086A0004





Possible working range of motor.



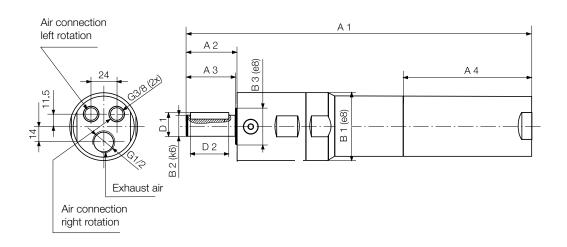
Optimum working range of motor.

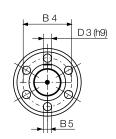
Higher speeds = more vane wear Lower speeds with high torque = more gearbox wear



Dimensions (mm)

High Torque Motor P1V-S086





	A1	A2	A3	A4	D1	D3 (h9)	D2	B1 (e8)	B2 (k6)	B3 (e8)	B4	B 5
P1V-S086A0015	303.5	44	42	118.5	21.5	A6x6x32 DIN6885	32	56	19	35	48	M6
P1V-S086A0011	303.5	44	42	118.5	21.5	A6x6x32 DIN6885	32	56	19	35	48	M6
P1V-S086A0007	303.5	44	42	118.5	21.5	A6x6x32 DIN6885	32	56	19	35	48	M6
P1V-S086A0004	320	47	45	98.5	27	A6x6x32 DIN6885	32	63	24	34	45	M8

C 8

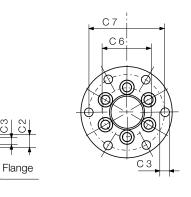
Flange P1V-S4028B1 & B2

10.5

9.5

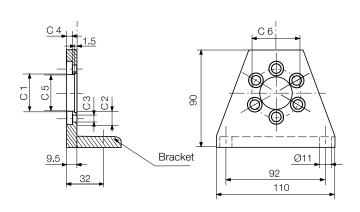
C 4

1.5



Foot bracket

P1V-S4028F1 & F2



	c1 (e8)	C2	C3	C4	C 5	C6	C7	C8
P1V-S028F1	35	11	6.6	4		48	70	
P1V-S028F2	34	13	8.4	5		45	79	
P1V-S028B1	35	11	6.6	4	32	48	70	85
P1V-S028B2	34	13	8.4	5	30	45	79	95



P1V-S - Stainless Steel Air Motors

Mountings for P1V-S air motors

Туре	For air motor	Weight Kg	Order code
Flange			
	P1V-S002 & P1V-S003	0,04	P1V-S4002B
The second second	P1V-S008	0,04	P1V-S4008B
	P1V-S012	0,05	P1V-S4012B
1.50	P1V-S020	0,09	P1V-S4020B
	P1V-S028 high torque	0,10	P1V-S4028B1
	P1V-S028 high torque	0,10	P1V-S4028B2
	P1V-S030	0,12	P1V-S4030B
	P1V-S057 high torque	0,30	P1V-S4028B1
	P1V-S057 high torque	0,30	P1V-S4028B2
	P1V-S060 & P1V-S090	0,30	P1V-S4060B
	P1V-S086 high torque	0,30	P1V-S4028B1
	P1V-S086 high torque	0,30	P1V-S4028B2
	P1V-S120	0,60	P1V-S4120B
Foot bracket			
	P1V-S008	0,08	P1V-S4008F
3	P1V-S012	0,09	P1V-S4012F
	P1V-S020	0,11	P1V-S4020F
6	P1V-S028 high torque	0,11	P1V-S4028F1
	P1V-S028 high torque	0,11	P1V-S4028F2
	P1V-S030A0023	0,55	P1V-S4020C
	P1V-S030A0010	0,55	P1V-S4020C
	P1V-S030	0,11	P1V-S4030F
	P1V-S057 high torque	0,30	P1V-S4028F1
	P1V-S057 high torque	0,30	P1V-S4028F2
	P1V-S060 & P1V-S090	0,30	P1V-S4060F
	P1V-S086 high torque	0,30	P1V-S4028F1
	P1V-S086 high torque	0,30	P1V-S4028F2
	P1V-S120	0,80	P1V-S4120F

All brackets supplied with fastening screws for the motor.



P1V-S - Stainless Steel Air Motors

Lubrication and service life



The first service is due after approximately 500 hours of operation. After the first service, the service interval is determined by the degree of vane wear*. The table below shows new dimensions and the minimum dimensions of worn vanes.



Air motor	Dimensions on new vanes X (mm), type of vanes			
	Standard	Z	С	М
P1V-S002	3,3	-	-	-
P1V-S003	Χ	-	-	-
P1V-S008	4,3	-	-	-
P1V-S012	4,2	4,2	4,2	4,2
P1V-S020	6,5	6,0	6,0	6,0
P1V-S028	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
P1V-S030	6,8	6,2	6,8	6,2
P1V-S057	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
P1V-S060	9,0	9,0	9,0	9,0
P1V-S086	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
P1V-S090	X	Χ	X	X
P1V-S120	14,7	14,0	14,0	14,0

Air motor	Dimensions on vanes X (mm), type of vanes			
	Standard	Z	С	М
P1V-S002	3,0	-	-	-
P1V-S003	Χ	-	-	-
P1V-S008	4,0	-	-	-
P1V-S012	3,3	3,3	3,3	3,3
P1V-S020	5,8	5,3	5,3	5,3
P1V-S028	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
P1V-S030	6,0	5,2	6,0	5,2
P1V-S057	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
P1V-S060	6,0	6,0	6,0	6,0
P1V-S086	Χ	X	X	Χ
P1V-S090	X	X	X	X
P1V-S120	14,2	13,5	13,5	13,5

The following normal service intervals should be applied to in order to guarantee problem-free operation in air motors working continuously at load speeds.

Intermittent lubrication-free operation of motors with standard vanes, option 0

Duty cycle: 70%
Max. duration of intermittent use: 15 minutes

Filtering 40 µm : 750 hours of operation* Filtering 5 µm : 1,000 hours of operation*

Continuous lubricated operation of motors with standard vanes, option 0

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Duty cycle :} & \text{Continuous} \\ \text{Quantity of oil :} & 1 \, \text{drop per m}^3 \, \text{of air} \\ \text{Filtering 40 } \mu \text{m} : & 1,000 \, \text{hours of operation}^* \\ \text{Filtering 5 } \mu \text{m} : & 2,000 \, \text{hours of operation}^* \end{array}$

Note! After 1000 hours of operation, the grease in the planetary gearbox must be changed

Continuous lubrication-free operation of motors equipped with vanes, option C

Duty cycle: Continuous

Filtering 40 µm : 750 hours of operation* Filtering 5 µm : 1,000 hours of operation*



* The specified hours of operation apply when the motor is running at the speed corresponding to maximum power (load speed).

This is approximately half free speed. If the motor operates at higher speeds, the service interval is shorter. If the motor operates at lower speeds, the service interval is longer.



Service kits

The following kits are available for the basic motors, consisting of vanes, (springs), silencers, O-rings, seals and 50 g of grease. (USDA-H1 approved)









Optional function "0" and "D"

Service kits, vanes for intermittent lubrication-free operation

For motors		Order code
P1V-S002A		P1V-6/446083A
P1V-S003A		P1V-6/446083A
P1V-S008A		P1V-6/446084A
P1V-S012A0 / D0	(to serial no 948688)	9121720601
P1V-S012A0 / D0	(from serial no 948689)	9121720636
P1V-S020A• / D•		9121720602
P1V-S030A• / D•		9121720603
P1V-S060A0E00		9121720604
P1V-S060A0400		9121720604
P1V-S060A0350		9121720604
P1V-S060A0270		9121720604
P1V-S060A0170		9121720604
P1V-S060A0072		9121720604
P1V-S060A0063		9121720604
P1V-S060A0048		9121720605
P1V-S060A0030		9121720605
P1V-S060A0015		9121720605
P1V-S060A0010		9121720605
P1V-S090A0C00		P1V-6/444919A
P1V-S090A0350		P1V-6/444919A
P1V-S090A0270		P1V-6/444919A
P1V-S090A0170		P1V-6/444919A
P1V-S090A0063		P1V-6/444919A
P1V-S090A0048		P1V-6/444919B
P1V-S090A0030		P1V-6/444919B
P1V-S120A•800		9121720606
P1V-S120A•270		9121720606
P1V-S120A•110		9121720606
P1V-S120A•078		9121720607
P1V-S120A•032		9121720607
P1V-S120A•012		9121720607

Optional function "C" and "E"

Service kits, vanes for continuous lubrication-free operation

For motors		Order code
P1V-S012AC / DC	(to serial no 948688)	9121720608
P1V-S012AC / DC	(from serial no 948689)	9121720637
P1V-S020A• / D•		9121720609
P1V-S030A• / D•		9121720610
P1V-S060ACE00		9121720611
P1V-S060AC400		9121720611
P1V-S060AC350		9121720611
P1V-S060AC270		9121720611
P1V-S060AC170		9121720611
P1V-S060AC072		9121720611
P1V-S060AC063		9121720611
P1V-S060AC048		9121720612
P1V-S060AC030		9121720612
P1V-S060AC015		9121720612
P1V-S060AC010		9121720612
P1V-S090ACC00		On request
P1V-S090AC350		On request
P1V-S090AC270		On request
P1V-S090AC170		On request
P1V-S090AC063		On request
P1V-S090AC048		On request
P1V-S090AC030		On request
P1V-S120A•800		9121720613
P1V-S120A•270		9121720613
P1V-S120A•110		9121720613
P1V-S120A•078		9121720614
P1V-S120A•032		9121720614
P1V-S120A•012		9121720614

• : 0 or D, C or E

Service kits for high torque motors

For motors	Order code
P1V-S028A0017	P1V-6/4447861B
P1V-S028A0008	P1V-6/4447861B
P1V-S028A0005	P1V-6/4447861B
P1V-S028A0003	P1V-6/4447861C
P1V-S028A0002	P1V-6/4447861C
P1V-S057A0015	P1V-6/4447871D
P1V-S057A0011	P1V-6/4447871D
P1V-S057A0007	P1V-6/4447871D
P1V-S057A0004	P1V-6/4447871E
P1V-S086A0015	P1V-6/4449191C
P1V-S086A0011	P1V-6/4449191C
P1V-S086A0007	P1V-6/4449191C
P1V-S086A0004	P1V-6/4449191D



Service kits

The following kits are available for the basic motors, consisting of vanes, (springs), silencers, O-rings, seals and 50 g of grease. (USDA-H1 approved)









Optional function "Z" and "F"

Service kits, spring-loaded vanes for intermittent lubrication-free operation

For motors		Order code
P1V-S012AZ / DZ	(to serial no 948688)	9121720615
P1V-S012AZ / DZ	(from serial no 948689)	9121720638
P1V-S020A•/D•		9121720616
P1V-S030A•/D•		9121720617
P1V-S060AZE00		9121720618
P1V-S060AZ400		9121720618
P1V-S060AZ350		9121720618
P1V-S060AZ270		9121720618
P1V-S060AZ170		9121720618
P1V-S060AZ072		9121720618
P1V-S060AZ048		9121720619
P1V-S060AZ072		9121720619
P1V-S060AZ063		9121720619
P1V-S060AZ010		9121720619
P1V-S090AZC00		On request
P1V-S090AZ350		On request
P1V-S090AZ270		On request
P1V-S090AZ170		On request
P1V-S090AZ063		On request
P1V-S090AZ048		On request
P1V-S090AZ030		On request
P1V-S120A•800		9121720620
P1V-S120A•270		9121720620
P1V-S120A•110		9121720620
P1V-S120A•078		9121720621
P1V-S120A•032		9121720621
P1V-S120A•012		9121720621

Optional function "M" and "G"

Service kits, spring-loaded vanes for continuous lubrication-free operation

For motors		Order code
P1V-S012AM / DM	(to serial no 948688)	9121720622
P1V-S012AM / DM	(from serial no 948689)	9121720639
P1V-S020A• / D•		9121720623
P1V-S030A• / D•		9121720624
P1V-S060AME00		9121720625
P1V-S060AM400		9121720625
P1V-S060AM270		9121720625
P1V-S060AM170		9121720625
P1V-S060AM072		9121720625
P1V-S060AM048		9121720626
P1V-S060AM030		9121720626
P1V-S060AM010		9121720626
P1V-S090AMC00		On request
P1V-S090AM350		On request
P1V-S090AM270		On request
P1V-S090AM170		On request
P1V-S090AM063		On request
P1V-S090AM048		On request
P1V-S090AM030		On request
P1V-S120A•800		9121720627
P1V-S120A•270		9121720627
P1V-S120A•110		9121720627
P1V-S120A•078		9121720628
P1V-S120A•032		9121720628
P1V-S120A•012		9121720628

• : Z or F, M or G

Service kits for brake module for motors with brakes

For motors	Order code
P1V-S020AD and P1V-S030AD	P1V-6/446096A
P1V-S120AD	P1V-6/4460961B

Comment: To perform a full service on a brake motor, you will need a normal service kit as well as a service kit for the brake module.



P1V-S - Stainless Steel Air Motors

Introduction to the ATEX directive

Explosive atmospheres

Directive 94/9/EC defines an explosive atmosphere as a mixture of:

- a) flammable substances gases, vapours, mists or dusts
- b) with air
- c) under specific atmospheric conditions
- d) in which, after ignition has occurred, combustion spreads to the entire flammable mixture

(NB: with regard to dust, it may be that not all dust is combusted after ignition has occurred)

An atmosphere with the potential to become an explosive atmosphere during operating conditions and/or under the influence of the surroundings is defined as a **potentially explosive atmosphere**. Products covered by directive 94/9/EC are defined as intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres.

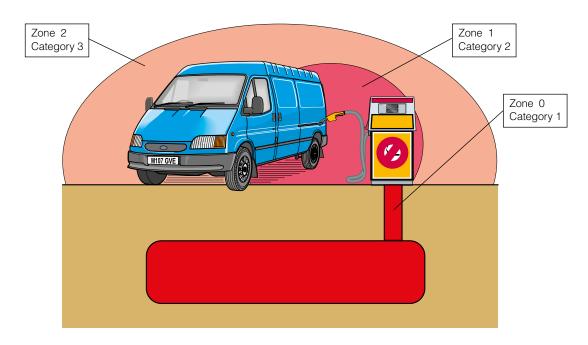
Harmonised European ATEX standard

The European Union has adopted two harmonised directives in the field of health and safety. The directives are known as ATEX 100a and ATEX 137.

Directive ATEX 100a (94/9/EC) lays down minimum safety requirements for products intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres in European Union member states. Directive ATEX 137 (99/92/EC) defines minimum requirements for health and safety at the workplace, for working conditions and for the handling of products and materials in potentially explosive atmospheres. This directive also divides the workplace into **zones** and defines criteria by which products are **categorised** within these zones.

The table below describes the **zones** in an installation where there is a potential for explosive atmospheres. The **owner** of the installation must analyse and assess the area in which the explosive gas/dust mixture may occur, and if necessary must divide it into **zones**. This process of zoning then allows the correct plant and equipment to be selected for use in the area.

The ATEX directive has been in force throughout the European Union



	nes	Presence of potentially explosive atmosphere	Type of risk
Gas G	Dust D		
0	20	Present continuously or for long periods	Permanent
1	21	Likely to occur in normal operation occasionally	Potential
2	22	Not likely to occur in normal operation but, if it does occur, will persist for a short period only	Minimal

since 1 July 2003, replacing the existing divergent national and European legislation relating to explosive atmospheres. Please note that for the first time, the directive covers mechanical, hydraulic and pneumatic equipment and not just electrical equipment as before.

With regard to the Machinery directive 98/37/EC, note that a number

of external requirements in 94/9/EC refer to hazards arising from potentially explosive atmospheres, where the Machinery directive only contains general requirements relating to explosion safety (Annex I 1.5.7)

As a result, directive 94/9/EC (ATEX 100a) takes precedence over the Machinery directive with regard to explosion protection in potentially explosive atmospheres. The requirements in the Machinery directive are applicable to all other risks relating to machinery.



P1V-S - Stainless Steel Air Motors

Levels of protection for the various equipment categories

The various equipment categories must be capable of operating in accordance with the manufacturer's operating specifications at defined levels of protection.

Level of protection	tec- Group Group		Type of protection	Operating specifications
Very high	M1		Two independent means of protection or safety, ensuring that the equipment remains functional even in the event of two faults occurring independently of each other	The equipment remains energised and and functional even with an explosive atmosphere present
Very high		1	Two independent means of protection or safety, ensuring that the equipment remains functional even in the event of two faults occurring independently of each other	The equipment remains energised and functional in zones 0, 1, 2 (G) and/or zones 20, 21, 22 (D)
High	M2		Protection suitable for normal operation and severe operating conditions	The equipment is de-energised in the event of an explosive atmosphere
High		2	Protection suitable for normal operation and frequent faults, or equipment in which faults normally have to be taken into account	The equipment remains energised and functional in zones 1, 2 (G) and/or zones 21, 22 (D)
Normal		3	Protection suitable for normal operation	The equipment remains energised and functional in zones 2 (G) and/or zones 22 (D)

Definition of groups (EN 1127-1)

Group I Equipment intended for use in underground parts of mines as well as those parts of surface installations of such mines likely to be endangered by flammable vapours and/or flammable dusts.

Group II Equipment intended for use in other places exposed to explosive atmospheres.

Group	mines, combu	II other potentially explosive atmospheres (gases, dust)						
Category	M1	M2	1		2		3	
Atmosphere*			G	D	G	D	G	D
Zone			0	20	1	21	2	22

G = gas and D = dust

Temperature classes

Classification of flammable gases and vapours on the basis of ignition temperature

Temperature class	Ignition temperature °C
T1	Over 450
T2	(300) – 450
Т3	(200) – 300
T4	(135) – 200
T5	(100) – 135
T6	(85) - 100

Declaration of conformity

The product catalogues contain copies of the declaration of conformity demonstrating that the product meets the requirements of directive 94/9/EC.

The declaration is only valid in conjunction with the instructions contained in the installation manual relating to the safe use of the product throughout its service life.

The instructions relating to the conditions in the surrounding area are particularly important, as the certificate is invalidated if the instructions are found not to have been adhered to during operation of the product. If there is any doubt as to the validity of the certificate of conformity, contact Parker Hannifin customer service.

Operation, installation and maintenance

The installation manual of the product contains instructions relating to the safe storage, handling, operation and servicing of the product. The manual is available in different languages, and can be downloaded from www.parker.com/euro_pneumatic.

This document must be made accessible in a suitable place near where the product is installed. It is used as a reference for all personnel authorised to work with the product throughout its service life.

We, the manufacturer, reserve the right to modify, extend or improve the installation manual in the interests of the users.

For more information about ATEX see EUs homepage: http://europa.eu.int/comm/enterprise/atex/





Additional safety instructions for installation in explosive atmospheres

Serious, even fatal, damage or injury may be caused by the hot moving parts of the P1V-S motors in the presence of explosive gas mixtures and concentrations of dust.

All installation, connection, commissioning, servicing and repair work on P1V-S motors must be carried out by qualified personnel taking account of the following

- · These instructions
- Notices on the motor
- All other planning documents, commissioning instructions and connection diagrams associated with the application.
- Provisions and requirements specific to the application
- Applicable national/international regulations (explosion protection, safety and accident prevention)

Real life applications

P1V-S motors are designed to provide rotary movement in industrial applications, and should only be used in accordance with the instructions in the technical specifications in the catalogue, and within the operating range indicated on the motor housing. The motors meet the applicable standards and requirements of the Machinery Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX)

The motors must not be used as brakes in explosive atmospheres.

Braking involves driving the motor against the direction of rotation for which the motor is supplied with compressed air. The motor is then operating as a compressor, and there is a corresponding increase in temperature.

The motors must **not** be used underground in mines susceptible to firedamp and/or combustible dust. The motors are intended for use in areas in which explosive atmospheres caused by gases, vapours or mists of combustible liquids, or air/dust mixtures may be expected to occur during normal use (infrequently)

Checklist

Before using the motors in a potentially explosive atmosphere, you should check the following:

Do the motor specifications match the classification of the area of use in accordance with Directive 94/9/EG (previously ATEX 100a)

- Equipment group
- Equipment category
- Zone
- Temperature class
- Max. surface temperature
- 1. When installing the motor, is it certain that there is no potentially explosive atmosphere, oil, acids, gases, vapours or radiation?
- 2. Is the ambient temperature as specified in the technical data in the catalogue at all times?
- 3. Is it certain that the P1V-S motor is adequately ventilated and that no additional heat is added (for example in the shaft connection)?
- 4. Are all the driven mechanical components ATEX certified?

Installation requirements in potentially explosive atmospheres

- The temperature of the supply air must not exceed the ambient temperature.
- The P1V-S may be installed in any position.
- An air treatment unit must be attached to the inlet of the P1V-S air motor.
- In a potentially explosive atmosphere, none of the motor ports may be blocked because this may cause an increase in temperature.
 The air from the port must be taken to the silencer or, preferably, outside the potentially explosive area.
- The P1V-S motor must be connected to ground at all times, through its support, a metallic tube or separate conductor.
- The outlet of the P1V-S motor must not open within a potentially explosive area, but must be passed to the silencer or, preferably, removed and released outside the potentially explosive area.
- The P1V-S motor may only drive units that are ATEX certified.
- Ensure that the motor is not exposed to forces greater than those permitted in accordance with the catalogue.

Measuring the temperature on the outside of the P1V-S motor (only when used in potentially explosive areas)

During the commissioning process, it is essential to measure temperature increases at the indicated positions on the outside of the P1V-S motor.

These measurements can be taken using standard thermometers.

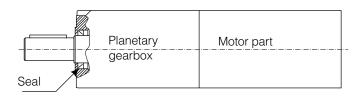
Checking the motor during operation

The motor must be kept clean on the outside, and a layer of dirt thicker than 5 mm must never be allowed to form. Strong solvents should not be used for cleaning, because they can cause the seal (material NBR/FPM) around the drive shaft to swell, potentially increasing the temperature.

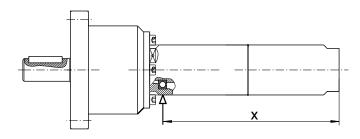


P1V-S - Stainless Steel Air Motors

The temperature is measured on the metal surface next to the seal around the output shaft on all P1V-S012, P1V-S020, P1V-S028, P1V-S030, P1V-S057, P1V-S060, P1V-S086 and P1V-S090 motors.



Motors P1V-S030A0023 and P1V-S030A0010



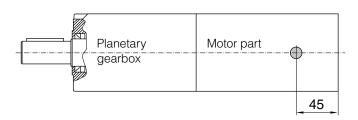
Motor	x [mm]	
P1V-S030A0023	146	
P1V-S030A0010	147,5	

The maximum temperature is reached after approximately 1,5 hours of operation, and the difference in temperature between the motor and the ambient temperature must not exceed 40 °C.

If the temperature difference at the seal of a P1V-S 120 to 900 watts exceeds 40 $^{\circ}$ C, you should stop the motor immediately and contact Parker Hannifin.

The following applies to the P1V-S120 series:

The temperature is measured on the metal surface at a point 45 mm from the port end of the motor housing, on all P1V-S120.



The maximum temperature is reached after approximately 1,5 hours of operation, and the difference in temperature between the motor and the ambient temperature must not exceed 55 °C.

If the temperature difference at this point on a P1V-S120 exceeds 55 °C, you should stop the motor immediately and contact Parker Hannifin.

Marking of products

For all P1V-S 120 to 900 watts



For the P1V-S120 1200 watts



Ce marking shows that as a manufacturer, Parker Hannifin meets the guidelines specified by the EU

Ex means that this product is intended for use in a potentially explosive area

stands for the equipment group (I = mines and II =

other places liable to be endangered)

2GD stands for equipment category

2G means the equipment can be used in zones 1 and 2 where there is a risk involving gas, vapour or mist of combustible liquids and **2D** in zones 21 and 22 where there is a risk involving dust .

2GD means the equipment can be used in zones 1, 2, 21 and 22.

c Safe design (prEN 13463-5)

IIC Explosion group, P1V-S air motors are tested to the highest standards in terms of test gases, and can be installed in the presence of all gases without restriction.

If equipment is in temperature class **T6**, the maximum surface temperature must not exceed 85 °C. (To guarantee this, the product has been tested to ensure that the maximum is 80 °C. This provides a safety margin of 5 °K.)

T5 If equipment is in temperature class T5, the maximum surface temperature must not exceed 100 °C. (To guarantee this, the product has been tested to ensure that the maximum is 95 °C. This provides a safety margin of 5 °K.)

(80 °C) Maximum permitted surface temperature on the motor in atmospheres containing potentially explosive dust.

X Note special conditions

Test certificate number IBExU04ATEXB004 X from IBExU Institut für Sicherheitstechnik GmbH, D-09599 Freiberg, Germany



P1V-S Declaration of Conformity acc. ATEX 94/9/EC P1V-S Declaration of Incorporation acc. EC

Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC



We Parker Hannifin Manufacturing Germany GmbH & Co. KG Pneumatic Division Europe Industriestrasse 8 70794 Filderstadt Germany

Declare that the following Air Motors have been assessed in accordance with ATEX 94/9/EC (Products for use in potentially explosive atmospheres). Air Motors P1V-S012, P1V-S020, P1V-S028, P1V-S030, P1V-S057, P1V-S060, P1V-S086 and P1V-S090 range are compatible for the use in explosive atmosphere Ex II 2 GD c T6 (T80°C) X. Air Motors P1V-S120 range are compatible for the use in explosive atmosphere Ex II 2 GD c T5 (T95°C) X. All without brake option.

P1V-S is designed for utilization in applications falling under the scope of the ATEX 94/9/EC. These produte designed and manufactured in compliance with following elements:

- EN 1127-1:2007 Explosive atmospheres Explosion prevention and protection Part 1: Basic of note, its and methodology
- EN 13463-1:2009 Non electrical equipment for use in potentially explosive atmospheres Pω.
 Basic method and requirements
- EN 13463-5 Non-electrical equipment intended for use in potentially explosive atr. on ares Part 5: Protection by constructional safety 'c'
- EN 983+A1:2008 Safety of machinery Safety requirements for fluid power sys and their components Pneumatics

As manufacturer of the partly completed machine we declare that:

- The specified Air motor corresponds to the listed essential requirements of the EC Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC
- The relevant technical documentation is complier in acc. runnee with part B of Annex VII
- The relevant technical documentation in accordative part B of Annex VII will be transmitted in response to a reasonable request by the national authorities

Product: Air motors P1V-S

Directives Date Applied and fulfilled essential

requirements

2006/42/EC 2(16- 6 1.1.2, 1.1.5, 1.3.4, 1.5.3, 1.7.3, 1.7.4

StandardsDateRemarkDIN EN ISO 121002911-03Partly fulfilled

This partly completed the history must not be put into service until the final machinery into which it is to be incorporates has been dereared in conformity with the provisions of the Directive 2006/42/EG, were appropriated.



Additional Information This coverage could only be referred to as long as operations needed for final assembling and starting up of theses products comply with standards relating to the above mentioned directive. Each time this will be required for compliance purpose, the user will have to apply for a complete coverage of the final assembled system according to the above mentioned directive and relating standards

Filderstadt, Germany June 2014

Ing. Franck Roussillon
European Product Manager

Actuators Business Unit, Pneumatic Division Europe



P1V-S ATEX_CE Edition 01











Air Tools

To use in Robots and Automated Machines

Drilling type 80 to 600 Watts Grinding type 90 to 300 Watts Milling type 400 to 1000 Watts



Contents Pa	ge
ntroduction	. 67
Order model code	. 67
Technical data	. 68
Material specification	. 68
Permitted shaft loadings	
Drilling motor with collet 80 watts	. 70
Dimensions	. 70
Drilling motor with collet 170 watts	. 71
Dimensions	. 71
Drilling motor for drill chuck 170 watts	. 72
Dimensions	. 72
Drilling motor with collet 250 watts	. 73
Dimensions	. 73
Drilling motor for drill chuck 250 watts	. 74
Dimensions	. 74
Drilling motor for drill chuck 400 watts	. 75
Dimensions	. 75
Drilling motor for drill chuck 600 watts	. 76
Dimensions	. 76
Mounting for drilling motors	. 77
Grinding motor with collet 90 watts	. 78
Grinding motor with collet 150 watts	. 79
Grinding motor with collet 250 watts	. 79
Grinding motor with collet 300 watts	. 79
Milling motor with collet 400 watts	. 80
Milling motor with collet 500 watts	. 81
Milling motor with collet 700 watts	. 81
Milling motor with collet 1000 watts	. 81
Dimensions	. 81
Lubrication and service life	. 82
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Introduction

A large number of drilling motors, milling motors and grinding motors have been developed using the P1V-S as the base motor in order to make it easier to install air motors in machining applications. These motors are all equipped with standard vanes for intermittent lubrication-free operation, although it is recommended to use oil mist if you are planning to operate them for extended periods.

NOTE! These motors are not made of 100% stainless steel.

Drilling motors are available with power ratings of 80, 170, 250, 400 and 600 Watts, and several different speeds for the machining of a range of materials. They can be fitted with collet chucks, drill chucks and quick-release chucks. Many of them also have accessories allowing the exhaust air to be removed.

The milling motor, with a power rating of 400 Watts, runs at a relatively high speed, and is fitted with a collet chuck for a shaft diameter of 8 mm. It is equipped with strong bearings able to handle greater shear forces on the spindle.

The grinding motor, with a power rating of 200 Watts, is fitted with a collet chuck for a shaft diameter of 8 mm and runs at a relatively high speed. It is equipped with strong bearings able to handle greater shear forces on the spindle.

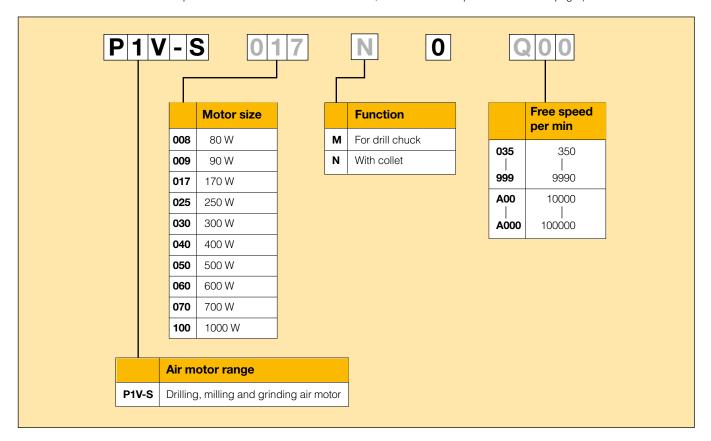
The design principle of the 90 Watt grinding motor is different from the others. The turbine principle means that high speeds are possible without the need for lubrication.

Feed movement in drilling, milling and grinding motors

A slow and even feed movement is necessary in machining applications. During drilling, the feed must not uncontrollably speed up once the drill breaks through the material. One good way of solving the problem is to use a pneumatic cylinder for the feed, which is able to provide force during drilling and a rapid approach before the actual drilling phase. Feed during the drilling phase is controlled using a hydraulic brake cylinder (HYDROCHECK) fitted in parallel with the pneumatic cylinder. This provides even, slow and safe feed movement, without the risk of the uncontrolled feed described above.

Order Code Key

(This model code can not be used for creating new part numbers. All possible combinations between motor size, function and free speed are in the next pages).





Technical data (all air motors are non reversible, right rotation only)

Air motor size & type	P1V- S008	P1V- S017	P1V- S025	P1V- S040	P1V- S060	P1V- S009*	P1V- S015	P1V- S025	P1V- S030	P1V- S040	P1V- S050	P1V- S070	P1V- S100
Air motor type			Drilling				Grin	ding		Milling			
Nominal power (watts)	80	170	250	400	600	90	150	250	300	400	500	700	1000
Working pressure (bar)							3 to 7						
Working temperature (°C)						-2	0 to +1	10					
Ambient temperature (°C)						-2	0 to +1	10					
Air flow required (NI/min)	230	300	350	420	850	120	300	350	380	420	700	900	1100
Min pipe ID, inlet (mm)	4	6	6	10	12	4	6	6	6	10	10	10	10
Min pipe ID, outlet (mm)	4	6	6	10	12	4	6	6	6	10	10	10	10
		Choice	of trea	tment		comme 0.8 bar			-	min) at	p1 7.5	bar and	t
	260	340	400	500	950	140	340	400	440	500	800	1020	1250
		Choic	e of val	ve: rec	ommer	nded m 1 bar ı	in nom oressur		flow (l/	min) at	p1 6 b	ar and	
	290	380	450	580	1050	160	380	450	510	580	900	1140	1400
Medium			40	Oµm filte	ered, oil	mist or	dry unlu	ubricate	d comp	ressed a	air		
Oil free operation, indoor					ISC	D8573- ⁻	1 purity	class 3.	4.1				
Oil free operation, outdoor	ISO8573-1 purity class 1.2.1												
Oil operation	1-2 drop per cube meter, ISO8573-1 purity class 35												
Recommended oil				Fo	odstuff	s indust	ry Klübe	er oil 4 L	JH1- 32	N			
Sound level free outlet (dB(A))	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note: sound levels are measured at free speed with the measuring instrument positioned 1 meter away from the air motor at an height of 1 meter.

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Table and diagram data

With outlet silencer (dB(A))

Exhaust air removed with

pipes to another room

All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. Oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%

75

73

Material specification

Air motor size	P1V- S008	P1V- S017	P1V- S025	P1V- S040	P1V- S060	P1V- S009*	P1V- S015	P1V- S025	P1V- S030	P1V- S040	P1V- S050	P1V- S070	P1V- S100
Air motor type			Drilling				Grin	ding			Milling		
Housing	Stainless steel X12Cr13	High grade steel (not stainless)		Stainless eel X12Cr		High grade steel (not stainless)			Stainless steel X12Cr13				
Shaft, collet					Ha	rdened s	steel (not	t stainles	ss)				
Shaft for drill chuck				Н	ardened	and tem	pered s	teel (not	stainless	3)			
Collet				Н	ardened	and tem	pered s	teel (not	stainless	3)			
All internal parts					Hig	h grade	steel (no	t stainle	ss)				
Accessories				S	urface tr	eated st	eel, plas	tic and a	lluminiun	า			
Accessories						P1V Dril	ling air	motors					
Flange bracket	Stainless steel												
Foot bracket	Stainless steel												
Screws for the mountings	Stainless steel DIN A2												



^{*} Un lubricated for grinding air motor P1V-S009.

Permitted shaft loadings

Drilling, milling and grinding motors

Max. permitted load on output shaft for motors (based on 10 000 000 rpm at input shaft with 90 % probable service life for ball bearings).

Drilling motors with collet

Order code	Fax [N]	Frad [N]	a [mm]
P1V-S008N0***	200	75	25
P1V-S017N0***	380	50	25
P1V-S025N0***	750	220	25

Grinding motors with collet

Fax [N]	Frad [N]	a [mm]
15	30	25
15	30	25
25	50	25
20	40	25
	15 15 25	15 30 15 30 25 50

Milling motors with collet

Order code	Fax [N]	Frad [N]	a [mm]
P1V-S040N0L00	750	150	25
P1V-S050N0L00	25	50	25
P1V-S070N0N00	40	90	25
P1V-S100N0F30	55	120	25

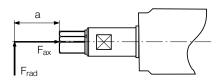
Frad = Radial loading (N) Fax = Axial loading (N)

a = distance from shaft's end (mm)

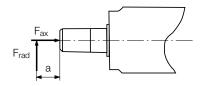
Drilling motors for drill chuck

Order code	Fax [N]	Frad [N]	a [mm]
P1V-S017M0***	380	35	60
P1V-S025M0***	750	150	70
P1V-S040M0***	750	150	70
P1V-S060M0350	1100	150	80
P1V-S060M0270	1100	150	80
P1V-S060M0170	1100	150	80
P1V-S060M0063	1100	265	80
P1V-S060M0048	1100	265	80
P1V-S060M0030	1100	265	80
P1V-S060M0015	1100	150	80

Collet

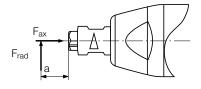


Drill chuck

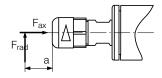


Load on output shaft for drilling, milling and grinding motors.

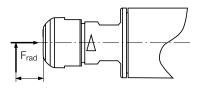
Collet



Collet



Collet





Drilling motor with collet P1V-S008N

Our smallest and most versatile drilling motor for small-scale drilling operations.

The standard collet chuck is for 3 mm shaft diameter.

For other diameters, select a different collet chuck as an accessory.

The motor has a port for a 6 mm hose to remove the exhaust air to a silencer.

Note! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%



Data for drilling motor with collet P1V-S008N

Max power	Free speed	Version	Drilling in steel	Drilling in aluminium	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm		mm	mm	l/s		mm	Kg	
0,080	22000	Collet 3 mm	-	3	3,8	M8 x 0,75*	4	0,20	P1V-S008N0N00
0,080	6000	Collet 3 mm	3	3	3,8	M8 x 0,75*	4	0,20	P1V-S008N0600
0,080	1900	Collet 3 mm	3	3	3,8	M8 x 0,75*	4	0,22	P1V-S008N0190
0,080	1300	Collet 3 mm	3	3	3,8	M8 x 0,75*	4	0,22	P1V-S008N0130

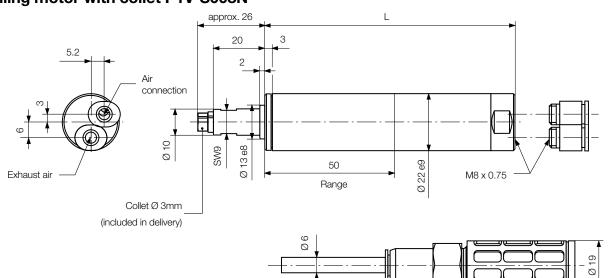
^{* 2} push in nipples for plastic pipe Ø6/4 supplied

Accessories for drilling motor with collet P1V-S008N

Name	Order code
Collet Collet Ø2 mm	P1V-6/314693
Collet Ø3 mm the motor	Included with
Collet Ø3/32"	P1V-6/314694
Collet Ø1/8"	P1V-6/314407

Dimensions (mm)

Drilling motor with collet P1V-S008N



	Α	В
P1V-S008N0N00, P1V-S008N0600	98	96
P1V-S008N0190, P1V-S008N0130	107	105



Drilling motor with collet P1V-S017N

A small drilling motor for small-scale, lighter drilling operations.

The standard collet chuck is for 6 mm shaft diameter.

For other diameters, select a different collet chuck as an accessory.

The motor has a built-in silencer for exhaust air. If lower noise levels are required, or if you want the exhaust air to be collected, the relevant accessories are available.

Note! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%





Data for drilling motor with collet P1V-S017N

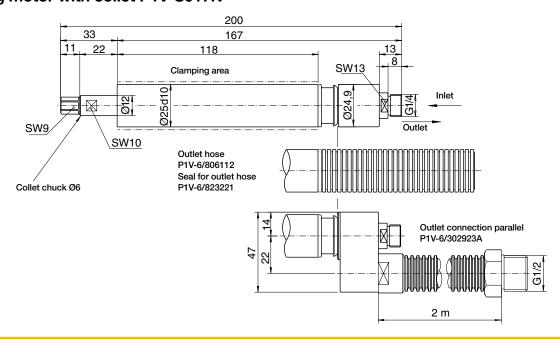
Max power	Free speed	Version	Drilling in steel	Drilling in aluminium	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm		mm	mm	l/s		mm	Kg	
0,170	24000	Collet 6 mm	-	4	5,0	G1/40	6	0,38	P1V-S017N0Q00
0,170	6000	Collet 6 mm	3	5	5,0	G1/40	6	0,38	P1V-S017N0600
0,170	4000	Collet 6 mm	4	6	5,0	G1/40	6	0,38	P1V-S017N0400
0,170	1500	Collet 6 mm	4	6	5,0	G1/40	6	0,43	P1V-S017N0150
0,170	1000	Collet 6 mm	4	6	5,0	G1/40	6	0,43	P1V-S017N0100
0,170	660	Collet 6 mm	4	6	5,0	G1/40	6	0,43	P1V-S017N0066

Accessories for drilling motor with collet P1V-S017N

	Name	Order code
Collet		
	Collet Ø3 mm	P1V-6/312681
	Collet Ø4 mm	P1V-6/312684
	Collet Ø5 mm	P1V-6/312686
	Collet Ø6 mm the motor	Included with
	Collet Ø1/8"	P1V-6/312682
	Collet Ø1/4"	P1V-6/312689
	Other accessories	
	Outlet hose	P1V-6/806112
	Seal for outlet hose	P1V-6/823221
	Outlet connection parallel	P1V-6/302923A

Dimensions (mm)

Drilling motor with collet P1V-S017N





Drilling motor for drill chuck P1V-S017M

A small drilling motor for small-scale, lighter drilling operations. Select drill chucks as accessories.

The motor has a built-in silencer for exhaust air. If lower noise levels are required, or if you want the exhaust air to be collected, the relevant accessories are available.

Note! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%





Data for drilling motor for drill chuck P1V-S017M

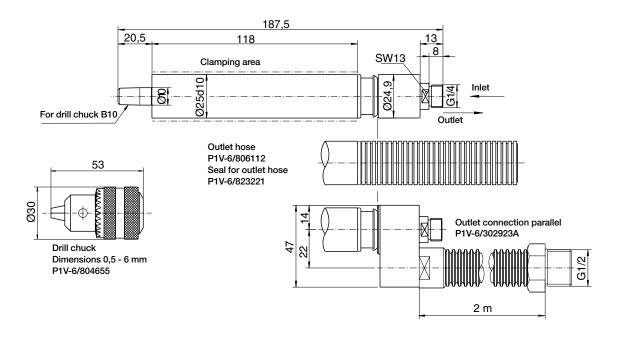
Max power	Free speed	Version	Drilling in steel	Drilling in aluminium	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm		mm	mm	l/s		mm	Kg	
0,170	6000	For drill chuck B10	3	5	5,0	G1/40	6	0,38	P1V-S017M0600
0,170	4000	For drill chuck B10	4	6	5,0	G1/4o	6	0,38	P1V-S017M0400
0,170	1500	For drill chuck B10	4	6	5,0	G1/40	6	0,43	P1V-S017M0150
0,170	1000	For drill chuck B10	4	6	5,0	G1/4o	6	0,43	P1V-S017M0100
0,170	660	For drill chuck B10	4	6	5,0	G1/40	6	0,43	P1V-S017M0066

Accessories for drilling motor for drill chuck P1V-S017M

Name	Order code
Standard drill chuck Diameters 0,5 – 6 mm/B10	P1V-6/804655
Other accessories Outlet hose	P1V-6/806112
Seal for outlet hose	P1V-6/823221
Outlet connection parallel	P1V-6/302923A

Dimensions (mm)

Drilling motor for drill chuck P1V-S017M





Drilling motor with collet P1V-S025N

A small drilling motor for moderately heavy drilling operations.

The standard collet chuck is for 6 mm shaft diameter.

For other diameters, select a different collet chuck as an accessory.

The motor has a built-in silencer for exhaust air. If lower noise levels are required, or if you want the exhaust air to be collected, the relevant accessories are available.

Note! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%



Data for drilling motor with collet P1V-S025N

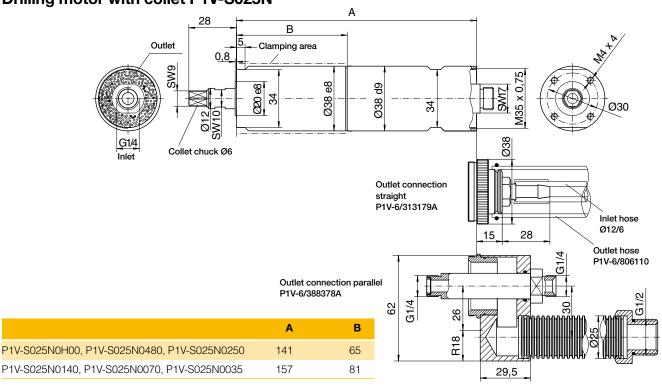
Max power	r Free speed	Version	Drilling in steel	Drilling in aluminium	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm		mm	mm	l/s		mm	Kg	
0,250	17000	Collet 6 mm	-	6	6,3	G1/40	6	0,80	P1V-S025N0H00
0,250	4800	Collet 6 mm	4	6	6,3	G1/4o	6	0,80	P1V-S025N0480
0,250	2500	Collet 6 mm	6	6	6,3	G1/40	6	0,80	P1V-S025N0250
0,250	1400	Collet 6 mm	6	6	6,3	G1/4o	6	0,90	P1V-S025N0140
0,250	700	Collet 6 mm	6	-	6,3	G1/40	6	0,90	P1V-S025N0070
0,250	350	Collet 6 mm	6	-	6,3	G1/4o	6	0,90	P1V-S025N0035

Accessories for drilling motor with collet P1V-S025N

Name	Order code
Collet	
Collet Ø3 mm	P1V-6/312681
Collet Ø4 mm	P1V-6/312684
Collet Ø5 mm	P1V-6/312686
Collet Ø6 mm	Included with the motor
Collet Ø1/8"	P1V-6/312682
Collet Ø1/4"	P1V-6/312689
Other accessories	
Outlet connection straight	P1V-6/3131179A
Outlet hose Ø23 x 28 mm 0,75 m long	P1V-6/806110
Outlet connection parallel	P1V-6/388378A

Dimensions (mm)

Drilling motor with collet P1V-S025N



Drilling motor for drill chuck P1V-S025M

A small drilling motor for moderately heavy drilling operations.

The standard collet chuck is for 6 mm shaft diameter.

For other diameters, select a different collet chuck as an accessory.

The motor has a built-in silencer for exhaust air. If lower noise levels are required, or if you want the exhaust air to be collected, the relevant accessories are available.

Note! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%



Data for drilling motor for drill chuck P1V-S025M

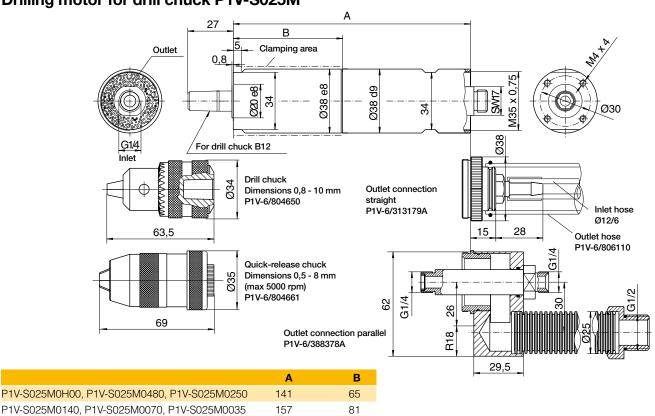
Max power	Free speed	Version	Drilling in steel	Drilling in aluminium	Air consumption at	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm		mm	mm	max power l/s		mm	Kg	
0,250	17000	For drill chuck B12	-	6	6,3	G1/40	6	0,80	P1V-S025M0H00
0,250	4800	For drill chuck B12	4	6	6,3	G1/40	6	0,80	P1V-S025M0480
0,250	2500	For drill chuck B12	6	8	6,3	G1/40	6	0,80	P1V-S025M0250
0,250	1400	For drill chuck B12	8	10	6,3	G1/40	6	0,80	P1V-S025M0140
0,250	700	For drill chuck B12	10	-	6,3	G1/40	6	0,80	P1V-S025M0070
0,250	350	For drill chuck B12	10	-	6,3	G1/40	6	0,80	P1V-S025M0035

Accessories for drilling motor for drill chuck P1V-S025M

iooooonioo ioi umming motor ioi umm onuoni ii oo_om									
	Name	Order code							
	Standard drill chuck	D4V 0/004050							
	Diameters 0,8 - 10 mm/B12	P1V-6/804650							
	Quick release chuck Diameters 0,5 - 8 mm/B12	P1V-6/804661							
	Other accessories								
	Outlet connection straight	P1V-6/3131179A							
	Collet Ø1/4"	P1V-6/312689							
	Outlet hose Ø23 x 28 mm 0,75 m long	P1V-6/806110							
	Outlet connection parallel	P1V-6/388378A							

Dimensions (mm)

Drilling motor for drill chuck P1V-S025M





Drilling motor for drill chuck P1V-S040M

Our large drilling motor is used for small-scale heavy drilling operations requiring considerable feed force.

Select drill chucks or quick-release chucks as accessories as necessary.

The motor has a built-in silencer for exhaust air. If lower noise levels are required,

or if you want the exhaust air to be collected, the relevant accessories are available.

Note! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%



Data for drilling motor for drill chuck P1V-S040M

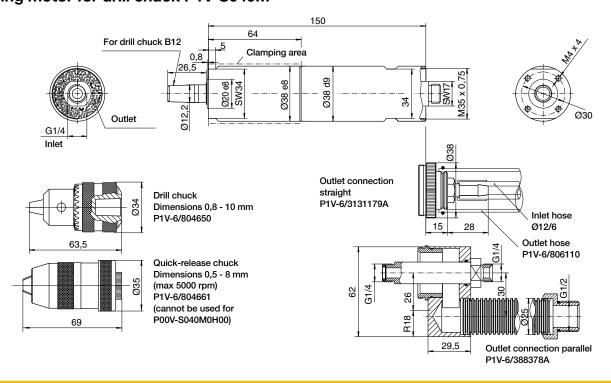
Max power	Free speed	Version	Drilling in steel	Drilling in aluminium	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm		mm	mm	l/s		mm	Kg	
0,400	17000	For drill chuck B12	-	6	8,0	G1/40	6	0,82	P1V-S040M0H00
0,400	4800	For drill chuck B12	4	6	8,0	G1/40	6	0,82	P1V-S040M0480
0,400	2500	For drill chuck B12	6	8	8,0	G1/40	6	0,82	P1V-S040M0250
0,400	1400	For drill chuck B12	8	10	8,0	G1/40	6	0,92	P1V-S040M0140

Accessories for drilling motor for drill chuck P1V-S040M

Name	Order code
Standard drill chuck Diameters 0,8 – 10 mm/B12	P1V-6/804650
Quick-release chuck Diameters 0,5 – 8 mm/B12 (Cannot be used for drilling motor P1V-S040M0H00)	P1V-6/804661
Other accessories Outlet connection straight	P1V-6/3131179A
Outlet hose Ø23 x 28 mm 0,75 m long	P1V-6/806110
Outlet connection parallel	P1V-6/388378A

Dimensions (mm)

Drilling motor for drill chuck P1V-S040M





Drilling motor for drill chuck P1V-S060M

Our large drilling motor is used for small-scale heavy drilling operations requiring considerable feed force.

Select drill chucks or quick-release chucks as accessories as necessary.

The motor has a built-in silencer for exhaust air. If lower noise levels are required, or if you want the exhaust air to be collected, the relevant accessories are available.

Note! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%



Data for drilling motor for drill chuck P1V-S060M

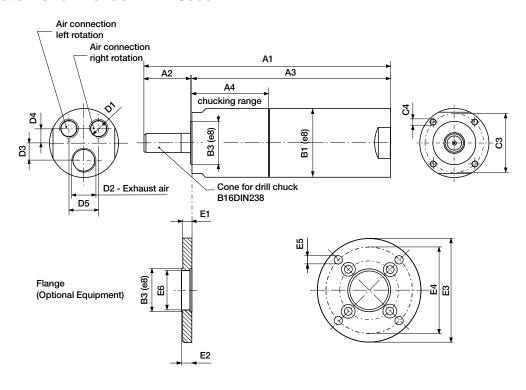
Max power	Free speed	Version	Drilling in steel	Drilling in aluminium	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm		mm	mm	l/s		mm	Kg	
0,600	3500	For drill chuck B16	3	3	14,2	G3/8	12	2,1	P1V-S060M0350
0,600	2700	For drill chuck B16	5	5	14,2	G3/8	12	2,1	P1V-S060M0270
0,600	1700	For drill chuck B16	8	8	14,2	G3/8	12	2,1	P1V-S060M0170
0,600	630	For drill chuck B16	13	13	14,2	G3/8	12	2,2	P1V-S060M0063
0,600	480	For drill chuck B16	13	13	14,2	G3/8	12	2,3	P1V-S060M0048
0,600	300	For drill chuck B16	13	13	14,2	G3/8	12	2,3	P1V-S060M0030
0,600	150	For drill chuck B16	13	13	14,2	G3/8	12	2,3	P1V-S060M0015

Accessories for drilling motor for drill chuck P1V-S060M

Name	Order code
Standard drill chuck Diameters 1 – 13 mm/B16	P1V-6/804652
Quick-release chuck Diameters 1 – 13 mm/B16	P1V-6/804663

Dimensions (mm)

Drilling motor for drill chuck P1V-S060M





Mountings for drilling P1V-S air motors

Туре	For drilling motor	Weight Kg	Order code
Flange			
-	P1V-S008	0,04	P1V-S4008B
3 55	P1V-S025	0,09	P1V-S4020B
	P1V-S040	0,12	P1V-S4030B
	P1V-S060	0,25	P1V-S4060B
Foot bracket			
Control of the contro	P1V-S008	0,08	P1V-S4008F
1	P1V-S025	0,11	P1V-S4020F
a s	P1V-S040	0,11	P1V-S4030F
	P1V-S060	0,30	P1V-S4060F

All brackets supplied with fastening screws for the motor.



Grinding gear motor with collet (no vanes) P1V-S009N

The grinding motor is used for small-scale point grinding and small-scale milling where the high speed is an advantage. It has proved to be very useful for drilling small holes and milling thin slits in PCBs in the electronics industry. In this application, the high speed means that the holes and slits are free of burrs on the underside.



Note! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%

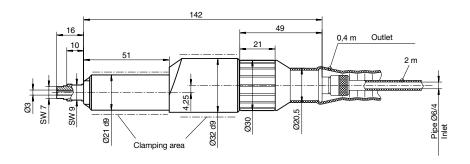


Data for grinding gear motor with collet (no vanes) 90 W

Max powe	r Free speed	Version	Point grinding diam. max	Milling diam. max	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm		mm	mm	l/s		mm	Kg	
0,090	100000	Collet 3 mm	5	3	2,0	Pipe 6/4	4	0,3	P1V-S009N0A000

Dimensions (mm)

Grinding motor P1V-S009N0A000





Grinding motors with collets 150, 250 & 300 W

This grinding motor is used when larger-scale point grinding is required. The motor can also be used for light milling operations.

The motor has a built-in silencer for exhaust air.

Note! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%

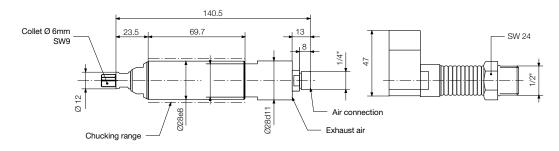


Data for grinding motors with collets 150, 250 & 300 W

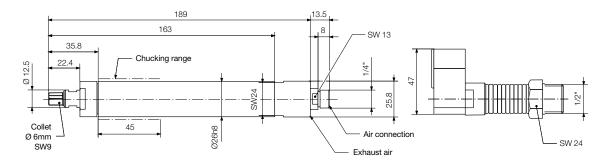
Max power	Free speed	Version	Point grinding diam. max	Milling diam. max	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm		mm	mm	l/s		mm	Kg	
0,150	47000	Collet 6 mm	-	-	Х	G1/40	6	0,36	P1V-S015N0AQ0
0,250	32000	Collet 6 mm	-	-	X	G1/4o	6	0,80	P1V-S025N0Z00
0,300	30000	Collet 6 mm	-	-	X	G1/40	6	0,70	P1V-S030N0X00
0,300	45000	Collet 6 mm	-	-	Х	-	6	0,70	P1V-S030N0AN0

Dimensions (mm)

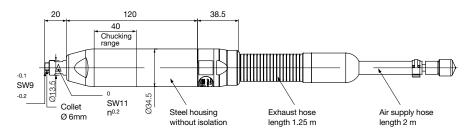
Grinding motor P1V-S015N0AQ0



Grinding motor P1V-S025N0Z00



Grinding motor P1V-S030N0X00 Grinding motor P1V-S030N0AN0





Milling motor with collet P1V-S040N

This motor was designed for milling plastic components, but it can also be used for milling other materials. The motor has a built-in silencer for exhaust air. If lower noise levels are required, or if you want the exhaust air to be collected, the relevant accessories are available.

Note! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 20% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%





Data for milling motor with collet P1V-S040N

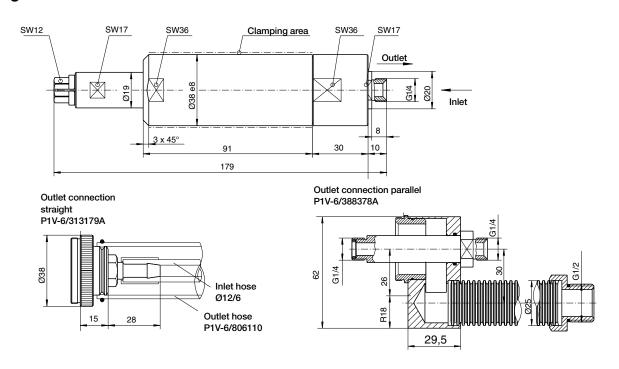
Max power	Free speed	Version	Milling of plastic mill dia.	Milling of wood mill dia.	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm		max mm	max mm	I/s		mm	Kg	
0,400	20000	Collet 8mm	8	10	5,0	G1/40	6	0,80	P1V-S040N0L00

Accessories for milling motor with collet P1V-S040N

Name	Order code
Collet	P4V 0/040000
Collet Ø3 mm	P1V-6/312690
Collet Ø4 mm	P1V-6/312692
Collet Ø5 mm	P1V-6/312693
Collet Ø6 mm	P1V-6/312694
Collet Ø8 mm	Included with the motor
Collet Ø1/8"	P1V-6/312691
Collet Ø1/4"	P1V-6/312695
Other accessories	
Outlet connection straight	P1V-6/3131179A
Outlet hose Ø23 x 28 mm 0,75 m long	P1V-6/806110
Outlet connection parallel	P1V-6/388378A

Dimensions (mm)

Milling motor with collet P1V-S040N0L00





Milling motors with collets 500, 700 & 1000 W

This motor was designed for milling plastic components, but it can also be used for milling other materials.

The motor has a built-in silencer for exhaust air. If lower noise levels are required, or if you want the exhaust air to be collected, the relevant accessories are available.

Note! All technical data are based on a working pressure of 6 bar and with oil. For oil-free performances are -10 to 15% lower. Data tolerance accuracy -+10%



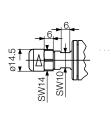


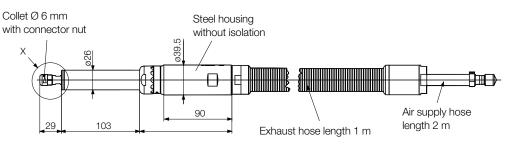
Data for milling motors with collets 500, 700 & 1000 W

Max power	Free speed	Version	Air con- sumption at max power	Conn.	Min pipe ID	Weight	Order code
kW	rpm		l/s		mm	Kg	
0,500	20000	Collet 8 mm	15,0	-	10	1,20	P1V-S050N0L00
0,700	19000	Collet 8 mm	15,0	-	10	1,70	P1V-S070N0N00
1,000	15300	Collet 8 mm	16,7	-	12	1,70	P1V-S100N0F30

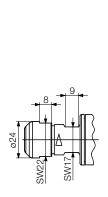
Dimensions (mm)

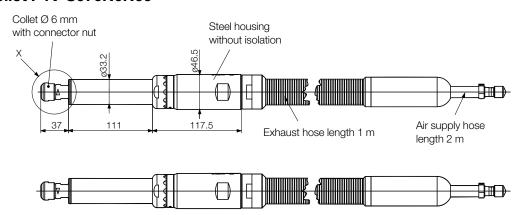
Milling motor with collet P1V-S050N0L00



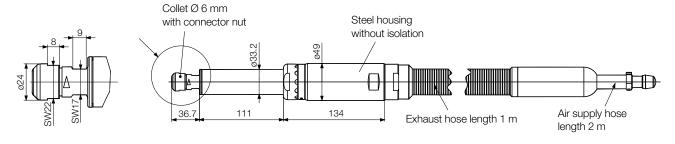


Milling motor with collet P1V-S070N0N00





Milling motor with collet P1V-S100N0F30

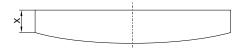




Lubrication and service life



The first service is due after approximately 500 hours of operation. After the first service, the service interval is determined by the degree of vane wear*. The table below shows new dimensions and the minimum dimensions of worn vanes.



Drilling motors	New dimensions X (mm)	Minimum dimensions X (mm)
P1V-S008	4,3	4,0
P1V-S017	4,2	3,3
P1V-S025	6,5	5,8
P1V-S040	6,8	6,0

Milling motors	New dimensions X (mm)	Minimum dimensions X (mm)
P1V-S040	X	X
P1V-S050	X	X
P1V-S070	X	X
P1V-S100	X	X

Grinding motors	New dimensions X (mm)	Minimum dimensions X (mm)
P1V-S009	No vanes	No vanes
P1V-S015	X	X
P1V-S025	X	X
P1V-S030	X	X



* The specified hours of operation apply when the motor is running at the speed corresponding to maximum power (load speed).

This is approximately half free speed. If the motor operates at higher speeds, the service interval is shorter. If the motor operates at lower speeds, the service interval is longer.

Service kits for drilling, milling and grinding motors

The following kits are available for the motors, consisting of vanes, (springs), silencers, O-rings, seals and 50 g of grease: (USDA-H1 approved)





Service kits

For drilling motors	Order code
P1V-S008N	P1V-6/446085A
P1V-S017N/M	P1V-6/446086A
P1V-S025N/M	P1V-6/446087A
P1V-S040M	P1V-6/446088A
P1V-S060M0350	9121720604
P1V-S060M0270	9121720604
P1V-S060M0170	9121720604
P1V-S060M0063	9121720604
P1V-S060M0048	9121720605
P1V-S060M0030	9121720605
P1V-S060M0015	9121720605

For milling motors	Order code
P1V-S040N	P1V-6/446088A
P1V-S050N	P1V-6/4405021B
P1V-S070N	P1V-6/4405021C
P1V-S100N	P1V-6/4405021D

For grinding motors	Order code
P1V-S009N	Service free
P1V-S015N	P1V-6/4449221A
P1V-S025N	P1V-6/4449211A
P1V-S030N	P1V-6/4405021B





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